1	[Administrative Code - False Advertising by Limited Services Pregnancy Centers]
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3	Ordinance amending the San Francisco Administrative Code by adding Chapter 93,
4	Sections 93.1 through 93.5, to prohibit limited services pregnancy centers from making
5	false or misleading statements to the public about pregnancy-related services the
6	centers offer or perform.
7	NOTE: Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman</u> ;
8	deletions are <i>strike-through italies Times New Roman</i> . Board amendment additions are <u>double-underlined;</u> Board amendment deletions are strikethrough normal .
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0	Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:
1	Section 1. The San Francisco Administrative Code is hereby amended by adding
2	Chapter 93, Sections 93.1 through 93.5, to read as follows:
3	SEC. 93.1. TITLE.
4	The Chapter shall be known as the Pregnancy Information Disclosure and Protection
5	Ordinance.
6	SEC. 93.2. FINDINGS.
7 .	1. San Francisco serves as the medical provider of last resort for indigent individuals who need
8	medical care. These individuals include women facing unexpected pregnancies.
9	2. A woman's right to choose whether to terminate a pregnancy is protected by both the federal
0	and state Constitutions, and is protected from interference by third parties and the government.
1	3. Many people have deeply held religious and moral beliefs both supporting and opposing
2	abortion, and the City respects the right of individuals to express and promote such beliefs.
:3	4. When a woman considers termination of a pregnancy, time is a critical factor. Delays in
4	deciding to terminate a pregnancy may mean that a less invasive option is no longer available or that
5	the option to terminate a pregnancy is no longer available.
	Supervisors Cohen, Chiu, Wiener, Kim, Chu, Mar, Campos, Avalos BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Page 1 7/29/2011

5. In recent years, clinics that seek to counsel clients against abortion have become common throughout California. These clinics are often referred to as crisis pregnancy centers ("CPCs").

Although some CPCs are licensed to provide various medical services to pregnant women, most CPCs are not licensed medical clinics.

6. Some CPCs openly acknowledge, in their advertising and their facilities, that they do not provide abortions or emergency contraception or refer clients to other providers of such services.

Some of these same CPCs also openly acknowledge that they believe abortion is morally wrong. Many CPCs, however, seek to mislead women contemplating abortion into believing that their facilities offer abortion services and unbiased counseling.

7. CPCs often purchase "pay per click" ads on online search services such as Google for terms such as "abortion", so that persons searching for abortion services will see a link and advertisement for the CPC at the top of the results page. In addition, many CPCs advertise on billboards, mass-transit facilities, and through websites.

8. Most clients do not come to CPCs as a result of a referral from a medical professional.

Clients seeking information regarding options to terminate a pregnancy commonly are experiencing emotional and physical stress and are therefore especially susceptible to false or misleading elements in advertising by CPCs. These circumstances raise the need for regulation that is more protective of potential consumers of pregnancy center services.

9. Because of the time-sensitive and constitutionally protected nature of the decision to terminate a pregnancy, false and misleading advertising by clinics that do not offer or refer clients for abortion or emergency contraception is of special concern to the City. When a woman is misled into believing that a clinic offers services that it does not in fact offer, she loses time crucial to the decision whether to terminate a pregnancy. Under these same circumstances a client may also lose the option to choose a particular procedure, or to terminate the pregnancy at all.

10. The City respects the right of limited services pregnancy centers to counsel against abortions, if the centers are otherwise operating in compliance with this Chapter, and the City does not intend by this Chapter to regulate, limit or curtail such advocacy.

11. However, if women who have chosen to terminate a pregnancy are misled and delayed by the false advertising of CPCs, the cost of providing more invasive and expensive options may fall upon City health facilities, which provide the medical services of last resort for the City's indigent population.

12. After carefully balancing the constitutionally protected right of a woman to choose to terminate her pregnancy, the right of individuals to express their religious and ethical beliefs about abortion, the harm to women worked by even slight delays that can be caused by false advertising for pregnancy and/or abortion services, and the cost to the City that can accrue from such delay, the City has determined that there exists a need to regulate false and misleading advertising by pregnancy clinics offering limited services.

SEC. 93.3. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (a) "Abortion" shall mean the termination of a pregnancy for purposes other than producing a live birth. "Abortion" includes, but is not limited to, a termination using pharmacological agents.
- (b) "Client" shall mean an individual who is inquiring about or seeking services at a pregnancy services center.
- (c) "Emergency contraception" shall mean one or more prescription drugs (1) used separately or in combination, to prevent pregnancy, when administered to or self-administered by a patient, within a medically-recommended amount of time after sexual intercourse, (2) dispensed for that purpose in accordance with professional standards of practice, and (3) determined by the United States Food and Drug Administration to be safe for that purpose.

(i) "Prenatal care" shall mean services consisting of physical examination, pelvic examination or clinical laboratory services provided to a woman during pregnancy. Clinical laboratory services refers to the microbiological, serological, chemical, hematological, biophysical, cytological or pathological examination of materials derived from the human body, for purposes of obtaining information, for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of disease or the assessment of health condition.

SEC. 93.4. VIOLATION.

- (a) It is unlawful for any limited services pregnancy center, with intent directly or indirectly to perform pregnancy-related services (professional or otherwise), to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated before the public in the City, or to make or disseminate or cause to be made or disseminated from the City before the public anywhere, in any newspaper or other publication, or any advertising device or in any other manner or means whatever, including over the Internet, any statement, concerning those services, professional or otherwise, or concerning any circumstance or matter of fact connected with the proposed performance or disposition thereof, which is untrue or misleading, whether by statement or omission, that the limited services pregnancy center knows or which by the exercise of reasonable care should know to be untrue or misleading.
- (b) It is unlawful for any limited services pregnancy center, with intent directly or indirectly to perform pregnancy-related services (professional or otherwise), to make or disseminate or cause to be so made or disseminated any such statement identified in subsection (a) as part of a plan or scheme with the intent not to perform the services expressly or impliedly offered, as advertised.

SEC. 93.5. ENFORCEMENT.

(a) The City Attorney may enforce the provisions of this Chapter through a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction. Before filing an action under this Chapter, the City Attorney shall give written notice of the violation to the limited services pregnancy center. The written notice shall indicate that the limited services pregnancy center has ten (10) days in which to cure the false,

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- (e) Nothing in this Chapter shall be interpreted as restricting or otherwise limiting the enforcement authority that state law or the Charter or Municipal Code vest in the City, its agencies, officers or employees or any state agency.
- (f) Nothing in this Chapter shall be interpreted as creating a right of action for any party other than the City.
- (g) Nothing in this Chapter shall be interpreted as restricting, precluding or otherwise limiting a separate or concurrent criminal prosecution under the Municipal Code or state law. Jeopardy shall not attach as a result of any court action to enforce the provisions of this Chapter.

Section 2. General Provisions.

- (a) **Severability.** If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this ordinance is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of the ordinance. The Board of Supervisors hereby declares that it would have passed this ordinance and each and every section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase not declared invalid or unconstitutional without regard to whether any portion of this ordinance would be subsequently declared invalid or unconstitutional.
- (b) **No Conflict with State or Federal Law.** Nothing in this ordinance shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any requirement, power, or duty in conflict with any federal or state law.
- (c) Undertaking for the General Welfare. In adopting and implementing this ordinance, the City and County of San Francisco is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing in its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.

Section 3. **Effective Date.** This ordinance shall become effective 30 days from the date of passage.

APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By:

ERIN BERNSTEIN
Deputy City Attorney



City and County of San Francisco **Tails**

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Ordinance

File Number:

110899

Date Passed: October 25, 2011

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Administrative Code by adding Chapter 93, Sections 93.1 through 93.5, to prohibit limited services pregnancy centers from making false or misleading statements to the public about pregnancy-related services the centers offer or perform.

September 26, 2011 City Operations and Neighborhood Services Committee - REFERRED WITHOUT RECOMMENDATION

October 04, 2011 Board of Supervisors - CONTINUED ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Elsbernd, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and Wiener

October 18, 2011 Board of Supervisors - PASSED ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 10 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and

Wiener

Noes: 1 - Elsbernd

October 25, 2011 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Aves: 10 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and

Wiener

Noes: 1 - Elsbernd

File No. 110899

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on 10/25/2011 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

> Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Date Approved