Overview of the City's Residential Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program

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What is Inclusionary Housing?

"Inclusionary Housing" requires developers of certain market rate residential developments to include in their developments or to construct offsite residential units made affordable to low and moderate income households (to pay an in-lieu fee to support affordable housing elsewhere).

Background

- As specified in the Government Code (at Sections 65300, 65302(c), and 65583(c)), the City's General Plan must:
- "encourage the development of a variety of types of housing for all income levels, including multifamily rental housing"; and
- "[a]ssist in the development of adequate housing to meet the needs of low and moderate income households".

The City's Residential Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program

- On March 25, 2002, the Board of Supervisors approved legislation to create the "Residential Inclusionary Affordable Housing Program."
- Sections 315 through 315.9 of the City's Planning Code contain the rules and regulations governing the Program.
- The Program requires 10% to 17% of units in all projects with 10 units or more to be made affordable. The percentage depends on whether the developer chooses to build on-site or off-site and if special approval is required.

With respect to owned units, what is affordable?

- HUD sets affordability standards for the Program
- With respect to owned units, the initial purchase price must not exceed a price that is affordable to a household whose combined annual gross income for all members does not exceed **100% of the median income for the San Francisco's Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA),** as calculated by HUD.

San Francisco's PMSA includes San Francisco, San Mateo and Marin counties.

PMSA	1 Person	2 Person	3 Person	4 Person	5 Person	6 Person
Income Definition						
100%	\$6 6,500	\$76,000	\$85,500	\$95,000	\$102,600	\$110,200
Median						
Income						

With respect to rental units, what is affordable?

With respect to rental units, annual rent including utilities must not exceed 30% of the gross annual income of a household earning 60% of median income for the PMSA.

PMSA Income	1 Person	2 Person	3 Person	4 Person	5 Person	6 Person
Definition 60% Median Income	\$39,900	\$45,600	\$51,300	\$57,000	\$61,560	\$66,120

PMSA	Studio	1 Bdrm	2 Bdrm	3 Bdrm	4 Bdrm	5 Bdrm
Rent						
Definition						
30% of	\$998	\$1,140	\$1,283	\$1,425	\$1,539	\$1,653
60%						
Median						
Income /						
12 Months						

On-site, Off-site, & In-Lieu Fee Requirements

<u>On-site</u>

- 10% of total if developed on-site; or
- 12% if developed on-site and if conditional use, planned unit development, or live/work project approval is required.

Off-site

- 15% of total if developed off-site; or
- 17% if developed off-site and if conditional use, planned unit development, or live/work project approval is required.

In-Lieu Fee

- Payment to the City Treasurer of an amount determined by the Mayor's Office of Housing (MOH).
- Deposited into "Citywide Affordable Housing Fund" to be used by MOH to increase the supply of affordable housing and pay for enforcement expenses.

Roles & Responsibilities

- <u>Planning Department</u> Provides written notice to the developer of the affordable housing requirements. Notifies MOH of all housing projects subject to affordable housing requirements.
- Department of Building Inspection (DBI) Ensures that payment of the in-lieu fee has been made (after developer presents the Treasurer's certification of fee payment). Ensures that on-site and off-site development requirements have been met.
- <u>Mayor's Office of Housing (MOH)</u> Sets in-lieu fee amounts and transmits them to the Treasurer and Planning Department. Monitors developers' compliance with leasing/sale of affordable housing units after construction.
- <u>Treasurer</u> Receives in-lieu payments and issues certification of fee payment. In the event the fee is not paid, it initiates proceedings to impose a lien against the development.

Monitoring & Reporting

- <u>Planning Commission</u> Reports to the Board of Supervisors (on annual basis) the results of the Program including but not limited to:
- the number, location and developer of housing projects which are subject to the requirements of the Program; and
- the number of market rate units and affordable on-site and off-site units, including the location of all affordable units.
- <u>Mayor's Office of Housing (MOH)</u> MOH must perform the following activities in 2002 (among others) and update them every 5 years thereafter:
- study the relationship between the production and cost of market rate housing and the availability and demand for affordable housing;
- determine median and average profit margins for developers of for-profit housing; and
- determine whether levels of affordability can be increased.