

PUBLIC UTILITIES REVENUE BOND OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

AGENDA

Public Utilities Commission Building 525 Golden Gate Ave., 2nd Floor Yosemite Conference Room San Francisco, CA 94102

Listen/Public Call-In Phone Number (415) 906-4659 Conference ID: 841 547 266 #

Join on your computer, mobile app or room device Click here to join the meeting

September 5, 2023 - 9:00 AM

Regular Meeting

Mission:

The Revenue Bond Oversight Committee (RBOC) monitors the expenditure of revenue bond proceeds related to the repair, replacement, upgrade and expansion of the SFPUC's water, power and sewer infrastructure. The RBOC provides independent oversight to ensure transparency and accountability. The RBOC's goal is to ensure that SFPUC revenue bond proceeds are spent for their intended purposes in accordance with legislative authorization and other applicable laws.

Remote Access to Information and Participation

RBOC convenes hybrid meetings that allow in-person attendance, in-person public comment (prioritized before remote public comment), remote access, and remote public comment via teleconference (https://sfbos.org/remote-meeting-call). Members of the public may also submit their comments by email to RBOC@sfgov.org; all comments received will be made a part of the official record.

1. Call to Order and Roll Call

Seat 1	Ettore Leale, Chair
Seat 2	Lars Kamp, Vice Chair
Seat 3	Vacant
Seat 4	Claire Veuthey
Seat 5	Vacant
Seat 6	Christina Tang
Seat 7	Reuben Holober

2. General Public Comment: Members of the public may address RBOC on matters that are within RBOC jurisdiction and not on this agenda.

3. RBOC: Audits Update

Members of RBOC discuss ongoing and future audits to evaluate the performance of projects funded by Revenue Bonds.

Continued from the August 1, 2023 regular meeting.

Discussion and possible action.

Attachment: Performance Audit of Select Revenue Bond Expenditures Phase II

Attachment: RBOC Bond Audit Phase II Audit Presentation

Attachment: RBOC Bond Audit Phase III Risk Assessment and Bond Selection

(Public Comment)

4. RBOC: Planning for Future Audits

Members of RBOC discuss planning for future audits, to evaluate the performance of projects funded by Revenue Bonds.

Discussion and possible action.

Attachment: DRAFT RBOC SFPUC Infrastructure Evaluation RFP

(Public Comment)

5. RBOC: City Services Auditor Services Billings Invoice – Fiscal Year 2022-2023

Members of RBOC discuss the City Services Auditor's Fiscal Year 2022-2023 Billings Invoice and consider it for approval.

Discussion and possible action.

Attachment: City Services Auditor Fiscal Year 2022-2023 Bill (Public Comment)

6. Minutes Approval - August 1, 2023 Regular Meeting

Discussion and action.

Attachment: August 1, 2023 RBOC Regular Meeting Minutes (Public Comment)

7. Announcements, Comments, Questions, and Future Agenda Items

Discussion and possible action. (Public Comment)

RBOC may meet on the following dates:

- October 10, 2023;
- November 14, 2023; and
- December 12, 2023.

RBOC is tracking the following topics and issues as potential Future Agenda Items:

- A. SFPUC: Sewer System Improvement Program Update;
- B. SFPUC: Water System Improvement Program Update;
- C. SFPUC: Power Enterprise and Clean Power SF Update;
- D. SFPUC: State Federal Loan Updates;
- E. SFPUC: Staff Report: Environmental Justice;
- F. RBOC: Acquiring consultant to examine expected performance of complete projects;
- G. RBOC: Discussion of the 2015 report, entitled "Evaluation of Lessons Learned from the WSIP Program," to identify procedures and reporting processes from the Water System Improvement Program which may be applied to SSIP
- H. SFPUC: Discussion of Finding 2 of the <u>SFPUC Performance Audit of Select</u>
 Revenue Bond Expenditures dated December 23, 2021
 Finding 2: "The Quality Assurance Audit Function Was Not Operational From June 2017 Through November 2020"
 (May be scheduled as a follow-up to the May 9, 2023 meeting in Spring 2024)
- I. RBOC Sunset Date January 1, 2025.

8. Adjournment

Agenda Item Information

Each item on the agenda may include: 1) Department or Agency cover letter and/or report; 2) Public correspondence; 3) Other explanatory documents. For more information concerning agendas, minutes, and meeting information, such as these documents, please contact:

RBOC Clerk, City Hall, 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244, San Francisco, CA 94102 <u>rboc@sfgov.org</u> (415) 554-5184.

Audio recordings of the meeting of the Revenue Bond Oversight Committee are available at: http://sanfrancisco.granicus.com/ViewPublisher.php?view id=97

Meeting Procedures

Public Comment will be taken before or during the Committee's consideration of each agenda item. Speakers may address the Committee for up to three minutes on that item. During General Public Comment, members of the public may address the Committee on matters that are within the Committee's jurisdiction and are not on the agenda.

Procedures do not permit: 1) persons in the audience to vocally express support or opposition to statements by Commissioners by other persons testifying; 2) ringing and use of cell phones, pagers, and similar sound-producing electronic devices; 3) bringing in or displaying signs in the meeting room; and 4) standing in the meeting room.

The ringing of and use of cell phones, pagers and similar sound-producing electronic devices are prohibited at this meeting. Please be advised that the Chair may order the removal from the meeting room of any person(s) responsible for the ringing or use of a cell phone, pager, or other similar sound-producing electronic devices.

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Ethics Requirements

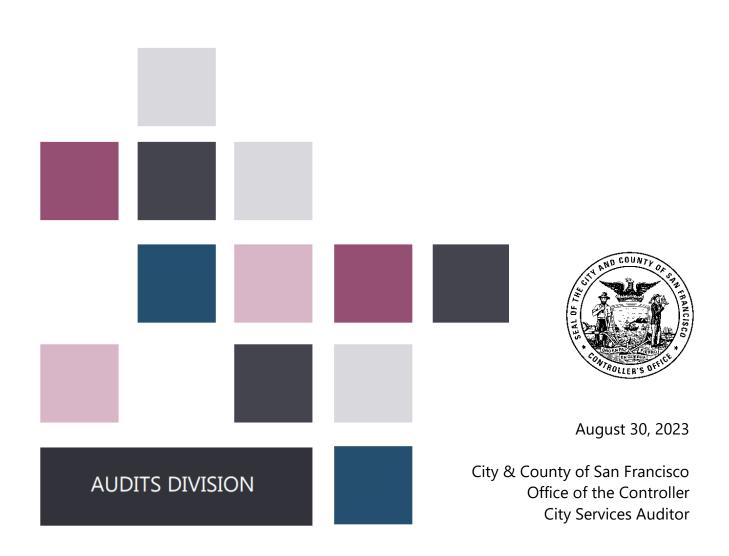
Individuals and entities that influence or attempt to influence local legislative or administrative action may be required by the San Francisco Lobbyist Ordinance [SF Campaign & Governmental Conduct Code, Section 2.100] to register and report lobbying activity. For more information about the Lobbyist Ordinance, please contact the San Francisco Ethics Commission at 25 Van Ness Avenue, Suite 220, San Francisco, CA 94102; telephone (415) 252-3100; fax (415) 252-3112; website http://www.sfgov.org/ethics. Under Campaign and Governmental Conduct Code, Section 1.127, no person or entity with a financial interest in a land use matter pending before the Board of Appeals, Board of Supervisors, Building Inspection Commission, Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure, Historic Preservation Commission, Planning Commission, Port Commission, or the Treasure Island Development Authority Board of Directors, may make a campaign contribution to a member of the Board of Supervisors, the Mayor, the City Attorney, or a candidate for any of those offices, from the date the land use matter commenced until 12 months after the board or commission has made a final decision, or any appeal to another City agency from that decision has been resolved. For more information about this restriction, visit www.sfethics.org.

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The San Francisco Public Utilities Commission Spent Revenue Bond Funds for Allowable Purposes but Should Strengthen Its Compliance and Monitoring Controls

San Francisco Public Utilities Commission



About the Audits Division

The City Services Auditor (CSA) was created in the Office of the Controller through an amendment to the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco (City) that voters approved in November 2003. Within CSA, the Audits Division ensures the City's financial integrity and promotes efficient, effective, and accountable government by:

- Conducting performance audits of city departments, contractors, and functions to assess efficiency and effectiveness of service delivery and business processes.
- Investigating reports received through its whistleblower hotline of fraud, waste, and abuse of city resources.
- Providing actionable recommendations to city leaders to promote and enhance accountability and improve the overall performance and efficiency of city government.

Team:

Massanda D'Johns, *Lead Audit Manager* Hunter Wang, *Audit Manager* Jeancarlos Santos Palacios, *Audit Intern*

Consultants:

HKA Global, Inc. Yano Accountancy Corporation Mark de la Rosa Director of Audits Office of the Controller City and County of San Francisco (415) 554-7574

For media inquiries, please contact con.media@sfgov.org.



in LinkedIn Office of the Controller

Audit Authority

This audit was conducted under the authority of the San Francisco Charter, Section 3.105, and Appendix F, which requires that CSA conduct periodic, comprehensive financial and performance audits of city departments, services, and activities.



OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

Ben Rosenfield Controller Todd Rydstrom Deputy Controller

August 30, 2023

Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee San Francisco Public Utilities Commission 525 Golden Gate Avenue, 2nd Floor San Francisco, CA 94102 San Francisco Public Utilities Commission 525 Golden Gate Avenue, 13th Floor San Francisco, CA 94102

Dennis Herrera General Manager San Francisco Public Utilities Commission 525 Golden Gate Avenue, 13th Floor San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Committee Members, Commissioners, and General Manager Herrera:

The Office of the Controller (Controller), City Services Auditor (CSA), Audits Division, presents its audit report of the revenue bond program administered by the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC). The Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee (RBOC) engaged CSA, which, in turn, engaged HKA Global, Inc. (HKA) and, as its subcontractor, Yano Accountancy Corporation (YAC), to conduct the audit. The audit had as its objectives to determine whether revenue bond funds were spent in accordance with the stated purposes and permissible use of such bonds.

The audit concluded that nearly all revenue bond expenditures were spent appropriately. However, the audit identified \$15.36 million in questionable expenditures related to internal control weaknesses over SFPUC's control environment and monitoring of its procurement policies and procedures. We recommend that SFPUC improve documentation controls over its procurement solicitation requirements. We also recommend that SFPUC coordinate with RBOC to strengthen its monitoring activities of overhead rates on capital projects funded with revenue bond proceeds. The department's response is attached as Appendix B. CSA will work with the department to follow up every six months on the status of the open recommendations made in this report.

CSA, HKA, and YAC appreciate the assistance and cooperation of all staff involved in this audit. For questions about the report, please contact me at mark.p.delarosa@sfgov.org or 415-554-7574 or CSA at 415-554-7469.

Respectfully,

Mark de la Rosa Director of Audits

Board of Supervisors Budget Analyst CC:

Citizens Audit Review Board

City Attorney
Civil Grand Jury

Mayor

Public Library

REVENUE BOND OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

San Francisco Public Utilities Commission

PERFORMANCE AUDIT OF SELECT REVENUE BOND EXPENDITURES

PHASE II

August 30, 2023



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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Introduction

The San Francisco Public Utilities Commission ("SFPUC"), a department of the City and County of San Francisco ("City"), has embarked on multiple construction programs in its Water, Wastewater, and Power enterprises. The voters approved Proposition A and Proposition E in 2002, which authorized SFPUC to issue bonds to fund the costs of the construction programs, which currently have total forecasted expenditures of approximately \$17 billion; actual program expenditures through June 30, 2022, are \$8.8 billion. Funding of the expenditures through June 30, 2022, includes roughly \$6.7 billion in bond proceeds from bond issuances authorized by Propositions A and E. The remaining \$2.1 billion is funded by a combination of investment earnings on unexpended proceeds, Federal and state loans and grants, commercial paper, and SFPUC revenues.

The voters also passed Proposition P in 2002, which created City Administrative Code Section 5A.30-5A.36, which in turn authorized the establishment of the Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee ("RBOC"). RBOC's authorities under City Administrative Code 5A.31(b)(6) include the "...independent review and evaluation of the disbursement and expenditure of the proceeds of such revenue bonds by accessing any funds set aside for this purpose...to retain outside auditors, inspectors and necessary experts to conduct such independent review...." RBOC retained the Office of the Controller's City Services Auditor ("CSA") to conduct a performance audit of bond-funded expenditures to determine whether expenditures were allowable under bond resolutions, properly supported, and assigned or allocated to the correct project(s) within bond series, and to evaluate the effectiveness of internal control over the allowability, and assignment of expenditures.

CSA engaged HKA Global, Inc. ("HKA") and Yano Accountancy Corporation ("YAC" collectively referred to as the "Audit Team") to conduct a performance audit of six SFPUC bond series subject to RBOC oversight. This performance audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives.



Summary of Findings and Recommendations

We found two contracts in which SFPUC did not comply with established internal control guidance and preferred procurement practices. The non-compliance with preferred procurement practices also increased the risk environment for waste and/or abuse. Total expenditures on these two contracts subject to RBOC oversight was \$15.36 million.

SFPUC is not quantifying or reporting the monetary impact of SFPW's overhead rates on total sewer engineering direct labor and benefits to the RBOC. Since future Wastewater project expenditures subject to RBOC oversight are expected to be in the billions of dollars, substantial SFPW sewer engineering overhead on direct labor and benefits are expected to be in such expenditures.

Summary of Our Findings and Recommendations

Non-Completion of Impartiality and Confidentiality Statements by All Individuals Associated with Procurements SFPUC did not comply with established internal control guidance and City preferred procurement practices by not obtaining signed impartiality and conflict of interest statements from all individuals participating in procurement solicitations. This pervasive internal control design deficiency existed during the procurement process for a contract awarded to an entity controlled by an individual who had a joint investment with the former SFPUC Assistant General Manager – Infrastructure (and later, SFPUC General Manager). The circumstances surrounding the timing of the sale of the individual's share of the investment to the then Assistant General Manager – Infrastructure increased the risk environment for waste and abuse. We questioned a total of \$15.36 million of expenditures subject to RBOC oversight.

SFPUC Should Quantify and Report on Overhead Rates Charged for SFPW Sewer Engineering Activities

See Finding No. 1 in Section 5.

SFPUC is not quantifying or reporting the monetary impact of SFPW's overhead rates on total sewer engineering direct labor and benefits to the RBOC. The RBOC accordingly cannot discharge its oversight responsibilities on SFPW overhead expenditures charged on sewer engineering direct labor and benefits.

Since future expenditures subject to RBOC oversight on Wastewater projects are expected to be in the billions of dollars, it is expected that substantial SFPW sewer engineering direct labor, benefits and related overhead will be included in such expenditures.

See Finding No. 2 in Section 5.

Restriction on Use

The purpose of this performance audit is solely to evaluate SFPUC's compliance with and internal control over the allowability of expenditures under bond provisions, support for expenditures, assignment, or allocation of expenditures to correct projects within a bond series. Accordingly, this performance audit is not suitable for any other purpose.





List of Acronyms

SFPUC San Francisco Public Utilities Commission

City City and County of San Francisco

RBOC Revenue Bond Oversight Committee

CSA Office of the Controller's City Services Auditor

HKA HKA Global, LLC

YAC Yano Accountancy Corporation

Audit Team HKA and YAC

SFPW San Francisco Public Works

GM General Manager

AGM Assistant General Manager

Wastewater Enterprise San Francisco Wastewater Enterprise SEP Southeast Water Pollution Control Plant Oceanside Water Pollution Control Plant

mgd million gallons per day

Water Enterprise San Francisco Water Enterprise HHWP Hetch Hetchy Water and Power

Power Enterprise Hetchy Water & Hetchy Power projects in the Hetch Hetchy Program

Infrastructure SFPUC Infrastructure Division

SSIP Sewer System Improvement Program

R&R Wastewater Renewal & Replacement Program FIP Wastewater Facilities & Infrastructure Program

SSIP Phase 1 SSIP Phase 1 projects
Other SSIP Phase 1 Projects not in SSIP Phase 1

WSIP Water System Improvement Program

WECIP Water Enterprise Capital Improvement Program

Regional WECIP WECIP sub-program for the Regional Capital Improvement Program **Local WECIP** WECIP sub-program for the Local Capital Improvement Program

HCIP Hetchy Capital Improvement Projects program

HCIP Water Water projects of the HCIP Program **HCIP Power** Power projects of the HCIP Program

HCIP JointJoint Water and Power projects of the HCIP program

FIFO First-in, First-out

Government Awards Federal and State grants and loans

COSO Framework COSO Internal Control-Integrated Framework

PD Project Design Procedures

PM Project Management Procedures

CM Construction Management Procedures

HydraSection SFPW's Hydraulic Section activities

SFMTA San Francisco Municipal Transit Authority

MOU Memorandum of Understanding

CMGC Construction Manager / General Contractor

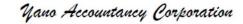
OCA Office of Contract Administration

RFP Request for Proposal SOW Scope of Work

BDF Biosolids Digester Facilities

OLSE Office of Labor Standards Enforcement





Acknowledgement	City Solicitation/Contract Participation Acknowledgement form
I/CS	Impartiality/Confidentiality Statement form
mlok	mlok Consulting, Inc.
City Attorney	Office of the City Attorney
CAR	Corrective Action Plan



2. SAN FRANCISCO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

SFPUC is a department of the City responsible for the maintenance, operation, and development of the Wastewater, Water, and Power utility enterprises. SFPUC, led by the General Manager ("GM"), operates and manages the enterprises as separate financial entities with different enterprise funds, and each enterprise is led by an Assistant General Manager ("AGM").

- The Wastewater Enterprise provides wastewater and stormwater collection, treatment, and disposal services for the City.
- The Water Enterprise provides drinking water to Retail Customers in the City, specific Retail Customers outside the City, and Wholesale Customers in three other Bay Area counties.
- The Power Enterprise provides hydroelectric and solar-generated electricity to municipal and public infrastructure, and other facilities in the City.

Enterprise and Support Bureau Descriptions

Wastewater Enterprise

The San Francisco Wastewater Enterprise ("Wastewater Enterprise") provides collection, treatment, and disposal services to residential, commercial, and industrial customers in the City limits and three municipal sewer service providers for residents and businesses in northern San Mateo County.

The City's collection system is a network of sewers that collect and transport both sanitary flow and stormwater runoff – commonly referred to as wastewater. Ninety-two percent of San Francisco is served by a combined sanitary and stormwater wastewater system comprising 24,800 manholes, 25,000 catch basins, 27 pump stations, and approximately 1,000 miles of sewers ranging from 8-inch diameter pipes to large transport structures measuring up to 45 feet deep by 25 feet wide.

Flows are conveyed from the collection system through the transport/storage boxes to two centralized all-weather treatment plans, the Southeast Water Pollution Control Plant ("SEP") and the Oceanside Water Pollution Control Plant ("OSP"). These are respectively located in the southeast and southwest sections of the City. During wet weather, additional flows are conveyed to the North Point Wet-Weather Facility, located in the northeast section of the City. The collection system storage capacity is over 200 million gallons,



comprised of predominantly grey infrastructure. The maximum treatment capacity of the existing system is 575 million gallons per day ("mgd") or 40 billion gallons annually.



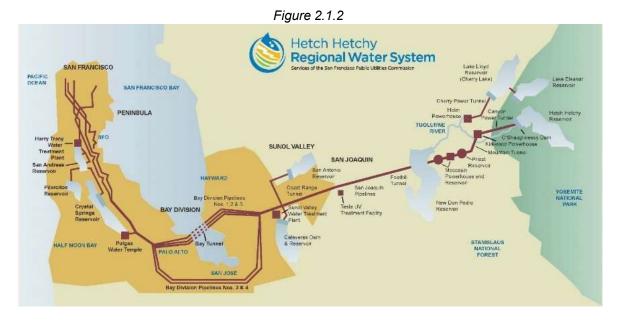
Figure 2.1.1

Water Enterprise

The San Francisco Water Enterprise ("Water Enterprise") operates the Hetch Hetchy Regional Water System, consisting of over 389 miles of pipeline, 74 miles of tunnels, 11 reservoirs, 13 groundwater wells, 5 pump stations, and 3 water treatment plants located outside the City limits. The Water Enterprise also operates over 1,235 miles of pipeline, 11 reservoirs, six groundwater wells, 8 storage tanks, 24 pump stations, 8 hydropneumatic stations, and 17 chlorination stations located within the City limits.

The Water Enterprise serves as the retail water supplier for the City and is responsible for water deliveries to residents and institutions within the City limits and several retail accounts outside City limits. In addition, the Water Enterprise sells water to 27 Wholesale Customer entities in San Mateo, Alameda, and Santa Clara counties. Altogether, nearly 2.7 million people rely on water supplied by the Water Enterprise.





Power Enterprise

Hetch Hetchy Water and Power ("HHWP") operates the Hetch Hetchy Project, which consists of Hetchy Water and Hetchy Power projects (collectively referred to as the "Power Enterprise"). Hetchy Water collects, stores, purifies, and delivers water between the Sierra mountains to the eastern Alameda County, where it connects with the Water Enterprise. Hetch Hetchy Power operates the Power Enterprise, which generates, schedules, purchases, sells, and distributes electricity to meet the needs of approximately 2,400 customers, including 17% of the total electricity consumed within the City. The Power Enterprise's capacities consist of 385MW of greenhouse gas-free hydroelectric generation, 8.5MW of solar generation, and 160 miles of energy transmission lines from Yosemite to the Bay Area.

Power Enterprise customers include all municipal departments, tenants in City-owned properties, including the Port and SFO, Phase I of the Hunters Point Shipyard redevelopment projects, and tenants of the Treasure Island Development Authority on Treasure Island and Yerba Buena Island. 385,000 Power Enterprise customers have chosen to have at least 50% of their electricity usage sources from renewable sources through Clean Power San Francisco.



Power Enterprise Generating Capacity and Transmission Infrastructure

HETCH HETCHY POWER SYSTEM

Law Livyd
Reservoir
(Churry Lawa)

Photovoltaic (PV)

Biogas

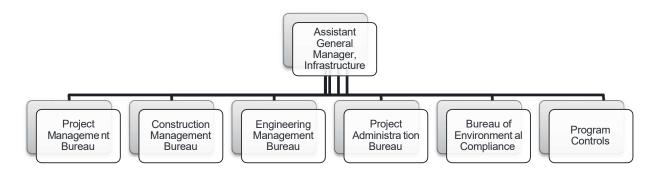
Hydroelectricity

San Andreal
Reservoir

Figure 2.1.3

Support Divisions and Bureaus

In addition to the three AGMs who oversees the three enterprises, three AGMs oversee the support divisions and bureaus. One AGM leads SFPUC's Infrastructure Division ("Infrastructure"), responsible for management of all SFPUC construction programs. The following is a summary of Infrastructure's organization:



Another AGM oversees SFPUC's External Affairs, and the third AGM oversees department-wide business services, such as finance, human resources, information technology and customer service.



Enterprise Construction Programs

Historically, the SFPUC recognized that major wastewater, water, and power construction programs were necessary to upgrade existing facilities due to age and changing regulatory requirements. The City's voters recognized this with the passage of Propositions A and E in 2002, authorizing SFPUC to issue revenue bonds to fund the costs of major construction programs. SFPUC is also authorized to issue commercial paper for interim funding of programs – and multiple bond series have identified all or part of the bond proceeds to defease commercial paper used for interim funding. Bond proceeds available for expenditure also include investment earnings on unexpended bond proceeds and post-issuance releases of debt service reserves. Construction program expenditures also receive funding from revenues, and loans and grants from Federal and state agencies.

The following summarizes cumulative program budget and expenditures from all funding sources subject and not subject to RBOC oversight, and related cumulative bond funding as of June 30, 2022:

Table 2.2.1
Construction Program Expenditures
and Program Funding
Program Inception to June 30, 2022
(\$000)

SFPUC Enterprise	Current Approved Budget	Program recast Cost				
Wastewater	\$ 6,614,210	\$ 7,998,460	\$	2,973,481	\$	1,837,773
Water	8,080,850	8,753,880		5,745,650		4,674,443
Power	225,133	225,133		85,293		195,761
TOTAL	\$ 14,920,193	\$ 16,977,473	\$	8,804,424	\$	6,707,977

Source: SFPUC Quarterly Construction Reports as of June 30, 2022, Bond Series Official Statements

Enterprise Construction Reporting

As a result of commission approvals, SFPUC modified the construction program reporting for each of the three enterprises. In general, SFPUC's reporting is representative of the program's baseline for project scope, budget, and schedule according to the commission's approved ten-year capital plan, as established every two years.

The following subsections summarize the construction programs of Wastewater, Water and Hetchy Water, and Power.



Wastewater Construction Programs

The Wastewater Enterprise construction program consists of three capital programs: the Sewer System Improvement Program ("SSIP"), Renewal & Replacement Program ("R&R") and Facilities & Infrastructure Program ("FIP").

Sewer System Improvement Program

The SSIP is a City-wide investment to upgrade SFPUC's aging infrastructure to ensure a reliable, sustainable, and seismically safe sewer system. It contains a series of major capital improvement projects necessary to bring the City's wastewater and stormwater system into a state of good repair and meet the Commission-endorsed goals and levels of service.

In fiscal year 2022, the SSIP program transitioned from its original intent of three distinct SSIP phases spanning over a 20-year period, to implementing capital improvement projects as part of a rolling ten-year capital plan. The Commission authorized the 2020 SSIP baseline, where a selection of high-priority projects identified initially in phases 2 and 3 were initiated. SSIP projects are now reported within either phase 1 ("SSIP Phase 1") or other ("Other SSIP"). As of June 2022, SSIP Phase 1 has 70 projects in various construction stages and is approximately 52% complete, and Other SSIP includes 35 projects in different construction stages and is about 3% complete.

The Wastewater Enterprise SSIP construction program consists of four sub-programs: Treatment Facility Projects, Collection Systems, Land Reuse, and SSIP Program Management. The Treatment Facilities and Collection Systems sub-programs are further broken down into categories, with numerous construction projects in each category.

Repair and Replacement Program

R&R is a continual program that addresses deficiencies in the R&R collection system (29 projects) and R&R treatment facilities (9 projects). The R&R program seeks to comply with State-mandated requirements and to meet the endorsed levels of service goals, regulatory permit compliance, system reliability and functionality, and sustainable operation of the City's sewer system. Capital projects that fall outside of the SSIP and R&R programs are addressed by the Facilities and Infrastructure program.

Facilities and Infrastructure Program

The Facilities and Infrastructure program (5 projects) provides upgrades to aging facilities to maintain their intended functions.



Figure 2.2.1 below shows the hierarchy of the Wastewater Enterprise Construction Program.

Renewal & Facilities & SSIP Phase 1 Other SSIP Replacement Infrastructure Treatment SSIP Program Collection Collection Treatment Facility Land Reuse System Mgmt. Facilities System Projects Interceptors Central Bayside System (CBSIP) Southeast Plant Southeast Plant Tunnels and Odor Control Interceptors Pump Stations & Oceanside Plant Tunnels and Oceanside Plant Forcemain Odor Control Combined Sewer Inter-North Point North Point Facility Discharge departmental Facility Projects Transport, Pump Stations & Stormwater Forcemain Mgmt. Combined Sewer Discharge, Flood Resilience Transport, Storage

Figure 2.2.1
Wastewater Construction Program Hierarchy¹

Stormwater Mgmt.

Flood Resilience



PAGE **12**

¹ SFPUC FY 2021-22 Q4 Report

The following table identifies the Wastewater Enterprise construction programs, including forecast costs and expenditures for each as of June 2022:

Table 2.2.2
Wastewater Construction Program
Budget, Forecast, and Expenditures
Program Inception to June 30, 2022
(\$000)

Wastewater Enterprise	Current Approved Budget		Program Forecast Cost		Exp	enditures to Date
SSIP						
Phase 1	\$	3,655,300	\$	4,852,500	\$	1,949,000
Other SSIP		1,197,300		1,381,600		25,800
Subtotal SSIP		4,852,600		6,234,100		1,974,800
Non-SSIP						
Renewal and Replacement		1,099,000		1,088,800		810,811
Facilities and Infrastructure		662,610		675,560		187,870
Subtotal Non-SSIP		1,761,610		1,764,360		998,681
TOTAL WASTEWATER	\$	6,614,210	\$	7,998,460	\$	2,973,481

Note: Program Budget and Forecast Costs are unaudited.

Source: Wastewater Enterprise Construction Program Reports as of June 30, 2022

Water and Hetch Hetchy Water Construction Programs

The Water Enterprise construction program is driven by the fact that certain of its facilities are near the end of their useful life. Long-lived facilities result in decreased reliability due to unplanned outages and place a greater maintenance burden on SFPUC operations. The Water Enterprise construction program consists of the Water System Improvement Program ("WSIP"), which is ~99% complete, and the Water Enterprise Capital Improvement Program ("WECIP"). WECIP consists of two sub-programs. The Regional Capital Improvement Program ("Regional WECIP") includes 25 projects in various construction stages, and the Local Capital Improvement Program ("Local WECIP") includes 7 groups of projects in different construction stages.

In addition to WSIP and WECIP, the Water Enterprise construction program also includes water-related projects of Hetch Hetchy Water and Power ("HHWP"), which is responsible for operating, managing, and maintaining the upcountry HHP system and facilities. The HHWP capital improvement programs are divided into two programs: the Renewal and Replacement program and the Hetchy Capital Improvement Projects ("HCIP") program.

Water renewal and replacement projects are completed and closed out and, therefore, are not included in SFPUC's construction reports.

The scope of HCIP is divided into three major sub-programs: water ("HCIP Water"), power ("HCIP Power"), and joint ("HCIP Joint").

- HCIP Water sub-program includes only asset improvements benefitting the SFPUC's water customers
- HCIP Power sub-program includes only asset improvements used to generate environmentally friendly hydroelectric energy.



 HCIP Joint sub-program includes projects for assets used for both water delivery and power generation.

Other water expenditures are related to litigation settlement expenditures funded by proceeds from water 2012 Series B bonds. Water renewal and replacement projects are completed and closed out and, therefore, are not included in SFPUC's construction reports.

Figure 2.2.2 below is the hierarchy of the WSIP and WECIP programs and the project groups included within each sub-program. HCIP Water and Joint programs are shown in the following HCIP section.

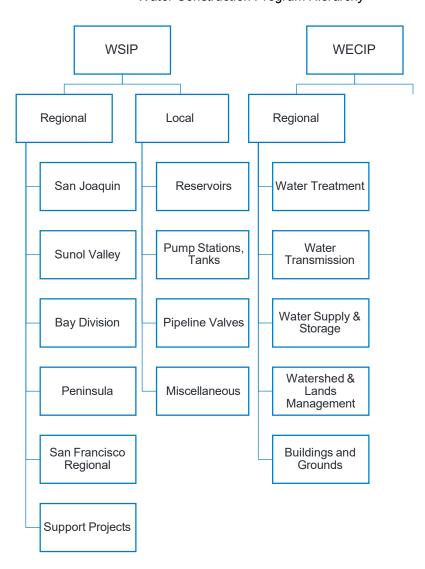


Figure 2.2.2
Water Construction Program Hierarchy²

WSIP Regional Projects Quarterly Report, 4th Quarter/Fiscal Year 2021-22



-

The following table identifies the Water programs for WSIP, WECIP, HCIP Water, and HCIP Joint subprograms, including the current approved budget, forecast costs, and expenditures from all funding sources subject and not subject to RBOC oversight as of June 30, 2022:

Table 2.2.3
Water Construction Program
Budget, Forecast, and Expenditures
Program Inception to June 30, 2022

Water Enterprise	Current Approved	Fo	Program precast Cost	Expenditures to Date		
WSIP						
Regional	\$ 3,803,100	\$	3,803,100	\$	3,708,300	
Local	331,900		331,900		331,900	
Local Water Supply	280,900		280,900		220,400	
Financing	372,000		372,000		372,000	
Subtotal WSIP	\$ 4,787,900	\$	4,787,900	\$	4,632,600	
WECIP						
Regional	918,790		1,030,280		194,520	
Local	1,755,360		2,271,390		792,670	
Subtotal WECIP	\$ 2,674,150	\$	3,301,670	\$	987,190	
HCIP Water & Joint						
HCIP Water	109,530		153,270		11,100	
HCIP Joint	493,520		495,290		99,010	
Subtotal HCIP Water & Joint	603,050		648,560		110,110	
Mitchell Engineering Litigation Settlement	15,750		15,750		15,750	
TOTAL WATER	\$ 8,080,850	\$	8,753,880	\$	5,745,650	

Source: Water Enterprise Construction and Hetch Hetchy Construction Program Reports as of June 30, 2022 Note: Program Budget and Forecast Costs are unaudited. The WSIP Local Water Supply projects underwent a September 2013 re-baseline. Only the original WSIP portion of the re-baselined costs are reported in WSIP. The remaining budget is funded under the WECIP Local and is managed outside the purview of the WSIP.

Hetchy Capital Improvement Program

The HCIP includes both Power and Water sub-programs. The HCIP Power sub-program includes only asset improvements used to generate environmentally friendly hydroelectric energy. HCIP Power's sub-program consists of powerhouses that convey water through hydroelectric turbines to generate electricity, power substation transformers, and transformation lines that convey electricity generated by power assets. Other project expenditures are related to non-programmatic capital projects with funding subject to RBOC oversight. As a result of SFPUC's changes in reporting, completed projects are no longer included in quarterly status reports.

Figure 2.2.3 below shows the hierarchy of the Hetchy Capital Improvement Program, which shows the HCIP Water and HCIP Joint sub-programs that are included within the Water Enterprise, and HCIP Power sub-program that is included in the Power Enterprise.



HCIP Water

HCIP Joint

HCIP Power

Figure 2.2.3
Power Construction Program Hierarchy³

The following table identifies the HCIP Power sub-program, including the current approved budget, forecast costs, and expenditures from all funding sources subject and not subject to RBOC oversight as of June 30, 2022:

Table 2.2.4
Power Construction Programs
Budget, Forecast, and Expenditures
Program Inception to June 30, 2022
(\$000)

Power Enterprise	nt Approved Budget	Prog	gram Forecast Cost	Expenditures to Date		
Power						
HCIP Power	\$ 204,240	\$	204,240	\$	64,400	
Other Projects	20,893		20,893		20,893	
TOTAL POWER	\$ 225.133	\$	225.133	\$	85.293	

Note: Program Budget and Forecast Costs are unaudited.

Source: Hetch Hetchy Construction Program Reports as of June 30, 2022, and SFPUC Finance.

³ Hetch Hetchy Capital Improvement Program Quarterly Report, 4th Quarter / Fiscal Year 2021-2022



Yano Accountancy Corporation

3. PARTIES INVOLVED WITH THE PERFORMANCE AUDIT

In addition to SFPUC as auditee, RBOC, CSA, and the team of HKA and YAC (referred to as the "Audit Team") all have significant roles and responsibilities in the performance audit.

Revenue Bond Oversight Committee

The City's voters approved Propositions A, E, and P in 2002. Propositions A and E gave SFPUC the authority to issue revenue bonds to fund construction programs. Proposition P created Administrative Code Section 5A.30-36 and authorized the establishment of RBOC. Administrative Code Section 5A.36 charges RBOC with providing independent oversight of the expenditure of public utility revenue bond proceeds issued under the authority of Proposition A or E for capital improvements. RBOC helps ensure an uninterrupted supply of water, power, and wastewater treatment services by SFPUC to its customers. Further, RBOC helps ensure public dollars are spent according to the authorizing bond resolution and applicable laws.

RBOC engaged CSA to oversee the performance audit to determine whether SFPUC expenditures of bond proceeds were in accordance with bond provisions, adequately supported, and properly assigned or allocated to project(s) within a bond series and evaluate internal control over these expenditures.

City Services Auditor – Audits Division

The CSA - Audits Division is the City's internal auditor, providing performance, financial, and compliance auditing and managing the City's whistleblower, public integrity, and cybersecurity programs. The CSA – Audits Division produces a wide range of audit reports and performance reports relating to the City's revenue, spending, service delivery, and outcomes. RBOC has contracted with the CSA – Audits Division to oversee this performance audit, which in turn has contracted with HKA with YAC as a subcontractor to conduct the Revenue Bond Performance Audit.

The Audit Team

HKA is a global consultancy company with over 40 years of experience and has completed numerous performance audits on some of the largest and most complex programs/projects in the world. YAC is a regional CPA and consulting firm and has worked directly with the City and County of San Francisco and the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission for over 27 years, performing audits per GAGAS and other relevant auditing and assurance standards. The principals from HKA and YAC, who are ultimately responsible for the quality of the performance audit, worked together for several years at one of the "Big Four" audit and consulting firms.



4. THE PERFORMANCE AUDIT

Scope and Objectives

The Audit Team conducted a performance audit of capital expenditures funded by proceeds from public utility revenue bonds. Forty revenue bonds subject to RBOC oversight have funded expenditures from March 1, 2006, to June 30, 2022.

The objectives of this performance audit were to determine whether expenditures from project funds were:

- Allowable under the bond resolutions, laws, and regulations,
- Properly supported,
- Assigned or allocated to the correct project(s) within a bond series, and
- Subjected to appropriate cost control measures.

Statement of Compliance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

We conducted this performance audit under generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe we have obtained sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions.

Information Not Subject to Any Performance Audit Procedures

We were not engaged to perform, and did not perform, any performance audit procedures on any budgeted or forecasted information included in this report. Such information is identified as unaudited. Accordingly, our audit conclusions do not extend to such information.

Overall Methodology

The Audit Team approached the audit in three separate stages, enabling us to develop our findings and recommendations to the RBOC. These three stages encompass a high-level evaluation of each of the audit planning and survey, fieldwork, and reporting stages.

Stage 1 – Audit Planning and Survey Phase

Upon receiving notice to proceed for Phase 2, the Audit Team conducted an entrance meeting with RBOC and CSA to initiate the audit engagement. From this meeting, we established the audit objectives, methodology, information needs, and engagement timeline.

Next, the Audit Team performed a preliminary assessment on all revenue bonds subject to RBOC oversight. This assessment included an analysis of capital project expenditures funded by the various bond proceeds for the Wastewater, Water, and Power. The Audit Team used this information to identify six bonds to include within the Phase 2 audit scope.

The Audit Team presented the preliminary bond assessment to CSA, including the six bonds selected that address the performance audit's scope and objectives.



Stage 2 – Audit Fieldwork

The Audit Team developed an audit plan using information obtained during the audit planning and survey stage. This plan served as our framework and approach for completing the audit fieldwork. The Audit Team engaged multiple SFPUC Infrastructure and SFPUC Financial Services departments to request bond documentation, capital project files, and other related documentation. Additionally, we held discussions with SFPUC department relevant to our scope and objectives.

The Audit Team's fieldwork yielded the audit evidence used to formulate our findings, conclusions, and ultimately our recommendations to the RBOC.

Stage 3 - Reporting

Based upon the information collected during our fieldwork, the Audit Team developed a preliminary list of observations and distributed this information for SFPUC comment. We revised our initial observations and held follow-up meetings with each department to confirm our understanding of the information further provided to us.

The Audit Team periodically met with CSA to provide progress updates and coordinate audit fieldwork. Also, the Audit Team provided updates to RBOC during their monthly public meetings. The culmination of our audit fieldwork is represented throughout this performance audit report, including the Audit Team's findings and recommendations to the RBOC.

Performance Audit Risk Assessment

SFPUC Finance provided the Audit Team with schedules for Water, Wastewater, and Power showing expenditures by bond series. The Audit Team used these schedules, along with SFPUC's general ledger, to summarize all debt-funded expenditures by project for Water and Wastewater. The Audit Team then analyzed this information to identify bonds that fit within RBOC's scope and objectives.

	Attributes
Revenue Bonds	 Large net proceeds available for capital expenditures Funds used to defease commercial paper Bonds associated with historically high-risk projects Large spend across many projects Significant spend on two or three projects
Capital Programs and Projects	 Inherent project complexities (e.g., heavy civil construction and non-typical projects) Projects with forecasted costs above baseline budgets Projects with numerous construction schedule delays Projects managed by other City agencies

Bond Series Selected for the Performance Audit

The Audit Team selected six bond series for our performance audit from the 40-bond series subject to RBOC oversight as of June 30, 2022 – three from Wastewater, two from Water, and one from Power.



- The three-bond series from Wastewater represented three high-dollar bond series after 2016 Series A, the most recent bond series subject to our performance audit in Phase 1.
- The two-bond series from Water represented two high-dollar bond series used to fund the water-related expenditures on Hetchy Water projects.
- The Power bond series was the larger of the two Power bond series subject to RBOC oversight.

Table 4.4.1
Bonds Selected for Phase II of the Performance Audit

Wastewater	Water	Power
2018 Series A	2016 Series C	2015 Series A
2018 Series C	2017 Series C	
2021 Series A		

The total available proceeds and expenditures from each of these bond series are in the tables 4.4.2 through 4.4.4.

Refer to Section 8.2 for a complete list of revenue bonds subject to RBOC oversight as of June 30, 2022.

The Official Statement for each bonds series identifies the amounts deposited to SFPUC's capital projects fund and the defeasance of commercial paper issued to fund capital expenditures temporarily. Amounts in the Official Statement are adjusted for investment earnings on unexpended proceeds and other adjustments (typically adjustments to bond issuance and underwriter's fees, and transfers to RBOC) to determine total available proceeds.

The following table summarizes the total available proceeds, expenditures, and unexpended proceeds by bond series for the three Wastewater bond series subject to the performance audit.

Table 4.4.2
Available Proceeds, Expenditures
and Unexpended Proceeds by Wastewater Bond Series
(\$000)

Wastewater	2018 Series A		2018 Series C		2021 Series A		Total	
Proceeds from Official Statements								
Capital projects fund	\$	215,997	\$	170,720	\$	-	\$	386,717
Commercial paper defeased		25,016		-		296,000		321,016
Subtotal proceeds from Official Statements		241,013		170,720		296,000		707,733
Post-issuance adjustments								
Investment earnings		5		-		-		5
Other adjustments		-		-		-		-
Subtotal post-issuance adjustments		5		-		-		5
TOTAL AVAILABLE PROCEEDS		241,018		170,720		296,000		707,738
EXPENDITURES		(241,018)		(170,720)		(296,000)		(707,738)
UNEXPENDED PROCEEDS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Source: SFPUC General Ledger and Bond Series Official Statements



The following table summarizes the total available proceeds, expenditures, and unexpended proceeds by bond series for the two Water bond series subject to the performance audit.

Table 4.4.3
Available Proceeds, Expenditures
and Unexpended Bond Proceeds by Water Bond Series
(\$000)

, ,	/				
	2016 Series C		2017 Series C		Total
\$	19,975	\$	15,000	\$	34,975
	236,847		60,265		297,112
	256,822		75,265		332,087
	394		126		520
	268		-		268
	662		126		788
	257,483		75,392		332,875
	(255,697)		(75,265)		(332,619)
\$	1,786	\$	126	\$	256
	\$	\$ 19,975 236,847 256,822 394 268 662 257,483 (255,697)	2016 Series C \$ 19,975 \$ 236,847 256,822 394 268 662 257,483 (255,697)	2016 2017 Series C Series C \$ 19,975 \$ 15,000 236,847 60,265 256,822 75,265 394 126 268 - 662 126 257,483 75,392 (255,697) (75,265)	Z016 Z017 Series C Series C \$ 19,975 \$ 15,000 \$ 236,847 60,265 256,822 75,265 75,265 394 126 268 - 662 126 257,483 75,392 (255,697) (75,265) (75,265)

Source: SFPUC General Ledger and Bond Series Official Statements

The following table summarizes the total available proceeds, expenditures, and unexpended proceeds by bond series for the Power bond series subject to the performance audit.

Table 4.4.4
Available Proceeds, Expenditures
and Unexpended Bond Proceeds by Power Bond Series
(\$000)

(\$000)				
Power	2015 Series A			
Proceeds from Official Statements				
Capital projects fund	\$	30,200		
Commercial paper defeased		-		
Subtotal proceeds from Official Statements		30,200		
Post-issuance adjustments				
Investment earnings		-		
Other adjustments		-		
Subtotal post-issuance adjustments:		-		
TOTAL AVAILABLE PROCEEDS		30,200		
EXPENDITURES		(28,641)		
UNEXPENDED PROCEEDS	\$	1,559		

Source: SFPUC General Ledger and Bond Series Official Statements

Regarding 2015 Series A post-issuance adjustments, SFPUC did not allocate investment earnings on unexpended bond proceeds to Power 2015 Series A and 2015 Series B bonds. The Official Statement for Power 2015 Series A and B stated that investment earnings are considered revenues and are not restricted for use on capital projects, green or non-green.



Bond Expenditure Categories and Assignment to Bonds

SFPUC establishes project categories for bond-funded expenditures. Water bond-funded project categories are classified as WSIP regional, WSIP regional (green), WSIP local, non-WSIP regional, and non-WSIP local. Wastewater project categories are SSIP, SSIP (green), non-SSIP and non-SSIP (non-green). Power bond-funded project categories are green and non-green.

SFPUC's general rule is to assign funding for expenditures within any project category with the available cash deposited on the earliest date into the City's treasury accounts (referred to as the first-in, first-out or "FIFO"). Bond proceeds that defeased outstanding commercial paper are deemed to have the deposit date of the original commercial paper issuance.

This general rule is modified for restrictions of specific bond series. Certain Water and Wastewater bond series are identified as green bonds and can only fund green projects. Other bond series are designated to fund specific project expenditures. Water 2016 Series C bonds are designated as green bonds to fund environmentally beneficial projects.

Accordingly, the FIFO by expenditure category method often results in proceeds from later bonds being expended while proceeds from earlier bond series are still available. An example is Water 2010 Series A bonds which are designated solely to local projects and Water 2010 Series C bonds, which are designated solely for regional projects. Water 2010 Series A and 2010 Series C simultaneously funded local and regional projects, respectively. All Water 2010 Series C bond proceeds were expended before Water 2010 Series A. Water 2010 Series D and later bonds funded regional expenditures while Water 2010 Series A continued to fund local projects.

Another example is Wastewater 2013 Series A and 2016 Series B bonds. Wastewater 2016 Series A bonds were designated for SSIP projects. Proceeds from Wastewater 2013 Series B bonds funded both non-SSIP and SSIP projects until the issuance of Wastewater 2016 Series A bonds. After the issuance of Wastewater 2016 Series A bonds, Wastewater 2013 Series B bonds funded only non-SSIP projects. Wastewater 2016 Series B bond proceeds were not expended until all 2013 Series B bond proceeds were expended.

This general rule is also modified for federal and state grants and loans ("Government Awards"), which fund specific expenditures. Depending on the award agreement, expenditures initially funded by bonds can have their funding source(s) changed to Government Awards. When such funding changes occur, bond proceeds from earlier bond issuances become available after a future series has been used to fund expenditures. Such newly available bond proceeds keep their original deposit date.



Bond Funded Expenditures

As part of the audit risk analysis procedures, we summarized bond-funded expenditures by cost category identified and described below:

Table 4.4.5

Expenditure Category	Description				
Labor-related	Labor and benefits charged by CCSF employees and related overhead on labor.				
Consultants	Expenditures to consultants such as program management, project management, construction management, environmental services, specialty inspection services, systems consulting, other management consulting services.				
Construction contracts	Expenditures to contractors for construction labor and materials.				
Land acquisition	Expenditures for additional land.				
Fees, licenses, and permits	Expenditures to Federal, state, and local government agencies to comply with regulatory and other requirements.				
Construction materials	Construction materials purchased directly by SFPUC.				
Other allocations	Allocations from within SFPUC that are not based on labor expenditures.				
Legal and related	Expenditures under the control of the Office of the City Attorney.				
Commercial paper-related	Expenditures for commercial paper fees and interest.				
Intra-City charges	Expenditures to other City departments other than labor, benefits and related overhead, and expenditures to the Office of the City Attorney.				
Transfers	Expenditures for land and buildings from other City agencies for use on SFPUC projects.				
All other	All other non-labor expenditures not classified above.				

We were provided with copies of journal entries to support entries to support all Wastewater expenditures. These entries were provided by fiscal year and transaction date, starting in fiscal year 2017-18. Transactions for fiscal years 2009-10 through 2016-17 did not have transaction dates. Also, transactions funded by commercial paper were assigned to commercial paper did not have their funding sources changed to the ultimate funding source when commercial paper was defeased by bonds.

Accordingly, to ensure that we included at least all Wastewater expenditures subject to the performance audit, our summarization includes expenditures funded by revenue bonds other than those subject to the performance audit. The following table summarizes, by auditor-selected periods, Wastewater bond-funded expenditures by expenditure classification for the periods that funded Wastewater expenditures funded by bonds subject to the performance audit.



Table 4.4.6
Wastewater Bond-Funded Expenditures
by Expenditure Classification
(\$000)

Nov2บ16 - Jun 2018		Jul 2018 - Sep 2019		Oct 2019 - Oct 2020		Total	
\$	48,616	\$	36,692	\$	38,413	\$	123,721
	63,541		75,479		68,031		207,051
	112,157		112,171		106,444		330,772
	74,454		44,124		187,582		306,160
	186,611		156,295		294,026		636,932
	-		-		-		-
	150		58		47		255
	3		-		1		4
	-		-		-		-
	778		219				997
	-		-		-		-
	1,047		131		65		1,243
	56,788		5,810		-		62,598
	5,365		11,520		3,400		20,285
	64,131		17,738		3,513		85,382
\$	250,742	\$	174,033	\$	297,539	\$	722,314
	20		15		13		48
	\$	\$ 48,616 63,541 112,157 74,454 186,611 - 150 3 - 778 - 1,047 56,788 5,365 64,131 \$ 250,742	\$ 48,616 \$ 63,541 112,157 74,454 186,611	Jun 2018 Sep 2019 \$ 48,616 \$ 36,692 63,541 75,479 112,157 112,171 74,454 44,124 186,611 156,295 - - 150 58 3 - - - 778 219 - - 1,047 131 56,788 5,810 5,365 11,520 64,131 17,738 \$ 250,742 \$ 174,033	Jun 2018 Sep 2019 \$ 48,616 \$ 36,692 63,541 75,479 112,157 112,171 74,454 44,124 186,611 156,295 - - 150 58 3 - - - 778 219 - - 1,047 131 56,788 5,810 5,365 11,520 64,131 17,738 \$ 250,742 \$ 174,033	Jun 2018 Sep 2019 Oct 2020 \$ 48,616 \$ 36,692 \$ 38,413 63,541 75,479 68,031 112,157 112,171 106,444 74,454 44,124 187,582 186,611 156,295 294,026 - - - 150 58 47 3 - 1 - - - 778 219 - 1,047 131 65 56,788 5,810 - 5,365 11,520 3,400 64,131 17,738 3,513 \$ 250,742 \$ 174,033 \$ 297,539	Jun 2018 Sep 2019 Oct 2020 \$ 48,616 \$ 36,692 \$ 38,413 \$ 63,541 112,157 112,171 106,444 74,454 44,124 187,582 186,611 156,295 294,026 - - - 150 58 47 3 - 1 - - - 778 219 - 1,047 131 65 56,788 5,810 - 5,365 11,520 3,400 64,131 17,738 3,513 \$ 250,742 \$ 174,033 \$ 297,539

Source: SFPUC General Ledger

The \$722.3 million of total expenditures shown is \$14.6 million greater than the \$707.7 million bond-funded expenditures in Table 4.4.2. This is because funding sources could change during the middle of a month. Therefore, identifying expenditures to specific funding sources is impracticable.

Transfers to the City's general fund are for the transfer of the 1800 Jerrold property to SFPUC, and construction of a replacement facility for the City's Office of Contract Administration. These are classified as transfers in the City's accounting system since the property transfers involved only City agencies and no outside parties.

Sixty-one percent (61%) of the construction expenditures occurred in the final 13 months of this 48-month period. This reflects the substantial completion of design and engineering activities on certain projects during the first 35 months, while design and engineering activities occurred on other projects during the final 13 months of the 48-month period.



The following table summarizes Wastewater bond-funded expenditures by expenditure classification as a percentage of total expenditures (also known as "common size"):

Table 4.4.7
Wastewater Bond-Funded Expenditures by Expenditure Classification as a Percentage of Total Expenditures
(\$000)

		<i>'</i>		
Expenditure Classification	Nov2016 - Jun 2018	Jul 2018 - Sep 2019	Oct 2019 - Oct 2020	Total
Labor-related and consultants				
Labor-related	19.39%	21.08%	12.91%	17.13%
Consultants	25.34	43.37	22.86	28.66
Subtotal Labor-related and consultants	44.73	64.45	35.77	45.79
Construction contracts	29.69	25.35	63.05	42.39
Subtotal labor-related, consultants, and construction contracts	74.42	89.80	98.82	88.18
Other expenditures				
Land acquisition	-	-	-	-
Fees, licenses, and permits	0.06	0.03	0.02	0.04
Construction materials	0.00	-	0.00	0.00
Other allocations	-	-	-	-
Legal and related	0.31	0.13	-	0.14
Commercial paper related	-	-	-	-
Intra-CCSF charges	0.42	0.08	0.02	0.17
Fund transfers	22.65	3.34	-	8.67
All other	2.14	6.62	1.14	2.81
Subtotal other expenditures	25.58	10.19	1.18	11.82
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Number of months in the period	20	15	13	48

Source: SFPUC General Ledger

As indicated above, the timing of certain projects resulted in higher construction expenditures between October 2019 and October 2020 than in the other two periods.

The percentage of fund transfers funded by Water 2018 Series A bonds is consistent with the timing of the transfer of the 1800 Jerrold property from the City's General Fund to SFPUC.



The following table summarizes the journal entries to transfer expenditures from the Water expenditure pool to reflect amounts funded by Water bonds subject to the performance audit:

Table 4.4.8
Water Bond-Funded Expenditures by Expenditure Classification (\$000)

		,				
Expenditure Classification	2016			2017	Total	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Series C		Series C		
Labor-related and consultants						
Labor-related	\$	15,069	\$	16,039	\$ 31,108	
Consultants		21,383		26,587	47,970	
Subtotal Labor-related and						
consultants		36,452		42,626	79,078	
Construction contracts		142,746		31,733	174,479	
Subtotal labor-related, consultants,						
and construction contracts		179,198		74,359	253,557	
Other expenditures						
Land acquisition		4,962		-	4,962	
Fees, licenses, and permits		8,392		146	8,538	
Construction materials		672		97	769	
Other allocations		-		-	-	
Legal and related		533		-	533	
Commercial paper related		-		-	-	
Intra-CCSF charges		2,923		66	2,989	
Habitat preserve		12,000		-	12,000	
All other		326		913	1,239	
Subtotal other expenditures		29,808		1,222	31,030	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	209,006	\$	75,581	\$ 284,587	
Transfers from 2006A and 2009A		46,691			46,691	

Source: SFPUC General Ledger

The amounts in Table 4.4.3 for Water 2017 Series C bonds do not reconcile directly to specific expenditures recorded in the general ledger, because funding sources could change during the middle of a month. Therefore, identifying expenditures to specific funding sources is impracticable.

The first expenditures funded by these bonds were \$46.7 million of transfers of expenditures originally funded by Water 2006 Series A and 2009 Series A bonds. The proceeds from these bond series were deemed to be substantially expended by June 30, 2008, and June 30, 2010, respectively. SFPUC was also required to establish a Habitat Preservation Reserve Fund, of which \$12 million was funded by Water 2016 Series C bond proceeds.



The following table summarizes Water bond-funded expenditures by expenditure classification as a percentage of total expenditures:

Table 4.4.9
Water Bond-Funded Expenditures by Expenditure Classification
as a Percentage of Total Expenditures

Expenditure Classification	2016 Series C	2017 Series C	Total
Labor-related and consultants			
Labor-related	7.21%	21.22%	10.93%
Consultants	10.23	35.18	16.86
Subtotal Labor-related and consultants	17.44	56.40	27.79
Construction contracts	68.30	41.99	61.31
Subtotal labor-related, consultants, and construction contracts	85.74	98.38	89.10
Other expenditures			
Land acquisition	2.37	-	1.74
Fees, licenses, and permits	4.02	0.19	3.00
Construction materials	0.32	0.13	0.27
Other allocations	-	-	-
Legal and related	0.26	-	0.19
Commercial paper related	-	-	-
Intra-CCSF charges	1.4	0.09	1.05
Habitat preserve	5.74	-	4.22
All other	0.13	1.21	0.44
Subtotal other expenditures	14.26	1.62	11.10
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Source: SFPUC General Ledger

The high percentage of construction contract costs funded by Water 2016 Series C bonds reflects that such expenditures were made during the latter stages of the WSIP. Total proceeds from Water 2016 Series C were expended on Hetch Water projects, which were started later than WSIP projects, and accordingly would be expected to have a lower percentage of construction costs.



Table 4.4.10
Power Bond-Funded Expenditures
by Expenditure Classification

Expenditure Classification	2015 Series	
Experiulture Classification	(\$000)	% Of Total
Labor-related and consultants		
Labor-related	\$ 4,227	14.76%
Consultants	9,449	32.99
Subtotal Labor-related and consultants	13,676	47.75
Construction contracts	14,731	51.43
Subtotal labor-related, consultants, and construction contracts	28,407	99.18
Other expenditures		
Land acquisition	-	-
Fees, licenses, and permits		-
Construction materials	17	0.06
Other allocations	-	-
Legal and related	-	-
Commercial paper related	-	-
Intra-CCSF charges	9	0.03
All other	208	0.73
Subtotal other expenditures	234	0.82
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 28,641	100.00%

Source: SFPUC General Ledger

We note that labor-related, consultant and construction expenditures were more than 99% of total bond-funded expenditures. The relatively high percentage of labor-related and consultant expenditures to total expenditures reflects the early phases of the power bond-funded projects.

Internal Controls Significant to the Audit Objectives

GAGAS requires the identification and evaluation of internal controls that are significant to the audit objectives. The City uses the *COSO Internal Control – Integrated Framework* ("COSO Framework") as its internal control framework,⁴ an acceptable framework under GAGAS for our consideration of internal control.⁵ We therefore used the COSO Framework as a benchmark to evaluate the SFPUC's design and operating effectiveness of relevant internal controls.

The original COSO Framework was originally published in 1992 and updated in 2013. We applied the original 1992 COSO Framework to activities and transactions occurring until May 31, 2013, and the 2013 update to activities and transactions after that date. The five interrelated components of internal control

⁵ GAGAS July 2018 Revision, ¶8.130.



⁴ City and County of San Francisco, Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual, August 2020 update, §1.7

remained substantively the same between the 1992 original and 2013 update, and are:

- Control Environment
- Risk Assessment
- Control Activities
- Information and Communication
- Monitoring (1992) or Monitoring Activities (2013)

City Requirement to Establish and Maintain Effective Internal Control Systems

The City requires that all departments "...establish and maintain effective internal control systems as an integral part of their management practices..." SFPUC establishes and maintains department-specific internal controls and is required to comply with City-wide internal controls established by City offices, including but not limited to, the Controller, Contract Administration, City Attorney, and Labor Standards Enforcement. Implementation of COSO Framework guidance is also part of effective internal control.

⁷ SFPUC Infrastructure Construction Management Procedures, Procedure No:001, Preparation and Control of Construction Management Procedures, June 7, 2019





⁶ City and County of San Francisco, Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual, August 2020 update, §1.7.

Identification of Internal Control Significant to the Audit Objectives

We identified the following elements of SFPUC's system of internal controls to be significant to our audit objectives. We, therefore, evaluated these elements to the extent necessary to meet our performance audit objectives:

Control Environment

- Design and implementation of policies and procedures to promote ethical behavior
- "Tone From the Top" behavior of senior management having a pervasive impact on internal control

Control Activities

- Contractor/consultant/vendor selection, including bid advertisement, acceptance and evaluation, and contract award procedures
- Project cost control
- Claims and change order control process
- Allocation of program management costs to projects
- o Assignment of project costs to bond series

Material Weakness Identified by Other Auditors

GAGAS requires auditors to consider findings from prior audit projects as part of performance audit risk assessment procedures and their effect on planned performance audit procedures.

The United States Attorney in San Francisco announced on July 17, 2023, that a Federal jury convicted SFPUC's former General manager (GM) of multiple felonies. Relevant convictions include one count of conspiracy to commit honest services wire fraud and one count of honest services wire fraud. The former GM resigned from the SFPUC in November 2020 upon his indictment on charges for which he was convicted.

Evidence presented at trial showed, among other things, that the former GM "...had access to confidential information about city contract bidding processes, and the ability to influence the awarding of some city contracts..." The city contracts referred to in the United States Attorney's announcement were specifically SFPUC contracts.

The former GM's conviction for such conduct on any SFPUC contract is deemed to be a material weakness relevant to our performance audit, as the former GM did not demonstrate ethical behavior and management integrity, a key component of the control environment. The CEO (in this case, the GM) of any organization individually often sets its ethical tone.⁹ The ethical tone set by the former GM increased the risk of waste and abuse during his time as AGM of Infrastructure and later, GM.

All contracts awarded between June 2003 (the earliest date of expenditures subject to RBOC oversight) to November 2020 were under the control of the former AGM of Infrastructure/GM. Also, expenditures on these contracts occurred after November 2020.

⁹ Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission; *Internal Control – Integrated Framework: Framework*; September 1992, page 20



⁸ https://www.justice.gov/usao-ndca/pr/jury-convicts-former-san-francisco-public-utilities-commission-general-manager-0.

Evaluation of SFPUC Infrastructure

SFPUC's Infrastructure Division is responsible for various aspects of the capital process, including but not limited to engineering & design, environmental compliance, project & construction management, and cost control functions.

SFPUC Infrastructure Division Procedures Manual

The Infrastructure Division provided us with current Project Design ("PD"), Project Management ("PM"), and Construction Management ("CM") procedures. We evaluated certain procedures to understand their design and implementation by the Infrastructure Division staff.

SFPUC's procedures are prepared to provide guidance and expectations for the various construction functions and the roles and responsibilities of consultants and SFPUC staff for the three Water, Wastewater, and Power Enterprises. PM and CM procedures are designed as a roadmap so that a consistent approach is implemented across the broader construction program.

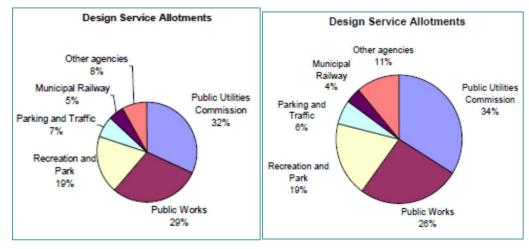
The Audit Team evaluated project documentation contemporaneously prepared and memorialized throughout the construction process. Such documentation included but was not limited to risk management plans, pay applications, change orders, consultant monitoring reports, construction progress reports, lessons learned, and contract closeout packages for Wastewater, Water, and Power. The Audit Team analyzed these documents against the deliverables according to applicable PM and CM procedures.

Services Performed by San Francisco Public Works

San Francisco Public Works' Hydraulic Section's ("HydraSection") activities of project management, design, engineering, and construction management are almost exclusively for SFPUC sewer-related work. Our conversations with SFPUC Infrastructure in November 2022 gave us the impression that HydraSection's functions have not changed significantly since 2002. According to SFPW's 2002-03 and 2005-06 annual reports, the last two annual reports that show engineering expenditures by benefitting City agency, show approximately 33% of total SFPW engineering expenditures benefitted SFPUC, which was higher than any other percentage, including work that benefitted SFPW. The following graphs in Figure 4.5.1 were obtained from SFPW annual reports:



Figure 4.5.1
San Francisco Public Works
Design Service Allotments
Fiscal Years 2002-03 and 2005-06



Source: SFPW (fka SFDPW) Annual Reports

We note that the HydraSection remained at SFPW when all other Wastewater divisions and functions were transferred from SFPW to SFPUC.

Refer to Section 5 for a finding and recommendation to SFPUC related to the SFPW Hydraulic Section.

Capital Projects Managed by Other City Agencies

During the risk assessment stage of the performance audit, we identified two Wastewater projects that are managed by the San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency ("SFMTA"): Van Ness BRT Sewer Improvement and L Taraval Sewer Improvement. SFPUC informed us that SFMTA is responsible for retaining project documentation since SFMTA is designated as the lead City agency.

SFPUC provided us with a written narrative describing SFPUC's framework for its participation on capital projects managed by other City agencies. SFPUC also provided a response along with memorandums of understanding ("MOUs") and the most recent pay application for both projects.

SFPUC is primarily involved during the initial phase of project development up to the point when the MOU is executed. During this time, SFPUC's activities include assessing infrastructure assets, developing alternative construction solutions, and budget negotiations. SFPW is responsible for the planning, design, and engineering aspects of the project. After the MOU is executed and construction begins, SFPW performs ongoing engineering, inspection, and other construction management activities. SFPUC project managers perform oversight activities to ensure SFPW is delivering on the requirements that SFPUC negotiated with SFMTA.



Wastewater, Water, and Power Competitive Bid Analysis

The Audit Team requested and received bid tabulation summaries for each project identified during the risk analysis. We combined contractor bidding information with the ending change order values and compared this total to the SFPUC's engineering estimate.

As a follow-up to the two projects with cost overruns, we received supplementary documentation and held discussions with the relevant SFPUC personnel to understand the driving force behind variances. Based on our follow-up evaluation, we did not have any reportable findings with these two cost variations. This information is summarized in the following table:

Table 4.5.1 Competitive Bid Analysis (\$000)

SFPUC Enterprise	Winning Total Change Total Proj id Value Order Value Value						tal Project Value	ngineer's imate (EE)	Variance Total Project Value & EE		
Wastewater	\$ 129,334	\$	8,840	\$	138,174	\$ 122,688	\$	(15,486)			
Water	832,449		392,760		1,228,918	1,018,129		(207,110)			
Power	11,225		1,695		12,640	10,420		(2,220)			
TOTAL	\$ 973,008	\$	403,295	\$	1,379,732	1,151,237	\$	(224,816)			

Refer to appendix 8.4 for competitive bids by project.

Construction Manager / General Contractor

SFPUC adopted a Construction Manager / General Contractor ("CMGC") contracting method for the New Headworks Facility and Biosolids Digester projects. The contractor with the highest score was awarded the CMGC contract on each of these projects.

SFPUC used a panel of experienced in-house construction professionals to score each contractor based on their responses to the CMGC bid package. Panelists' raw scores are averaged and then weighted based on each category's maximum value. The Audit Team evaluated each of the panelists' score sheets and had no audit findings because of our evaluation. See appendix 8.4 for CMGC bids by project.

Professional Services Contracts

The City's Office of Contract Administration ("OCA") promulgates the procurement policies and procedures for all professional services contracts for all City departments, including SFPUC. SFPUC has the authority to procure professional services directly; however, the resulting contract must go through all standard City approvals and be approved by OCA.

In the project planning phase, SFPUC project engineers are responsible for initiating Requests for Proposals ("RFP") according to the special or unique project requirements. The RFP document contains pertinent information such as the scope of work ("SOW"), required qualifications, and the criteria for scoring each bid received.

Unlike construction contract RFPs that are evaluated based on a competitive bidding process or a CMGC evaluation process, the evaluation process for professional services is designed based on each project's unique needs. Furthermore, the criteria and evaluator scoring process can also vary depending on the professional services solicited by an RFP.



In general, professional service RFPs contain two main reviews: minimum qualification and qualitative evaluation of a written proposal and an oral presentation. Each of these categories includes multiple subsections based on the RFP criteria. In addition to the minimum qualifications and qualitative evaluation, the RFP may contain other evaluation sections, such as community benefits and/or fee for services. The minimum qualifications review is a pass/fail evaluation performed by procurement specialists and technical experts. Scores assigned by the SFPUC evaluation panel are weighted based on the percentages assigned to each category. Written and oral categories are weighted more than other categories. The following table is a summary of the professional services contracts awarded by enterprise and project:

Table 4.5.2
Professional Services Contract Award Summary

Professional Services Description	Agreement No. Awarded	Contract Not-to- Exceed Value (\$000)	Contract Duration	Total No. Bids Evaluated	PUC Enterprise	Project		
HSIP Professional and Engineering Services	CS-296B	\$9,500	5 years	Evaluated: 6 Awarded: 5	Water	San Joaquin Pipeline Rehabilitation		
HSIP Professional and Engineering Services	CS-296D	\$9,500	5 years	Evaluated: 6 Awarded: 5	Power	Moccasin Penstock Rehabilitation		
Planning and Design Services	CS-249	\$21,000	10 years	Evaluated: 3 Awarded: 1	Water	Mountain Tunnel Improvement Project		
HHWP Civil and Geotechnical Services	CS-943	\$7,000	6 years	Evaluated: 2 Awarded: 1	Water & Power	Mountain Tunnel Lining Rehabilitation		
SSIP Program Management Services	CS-165	\$150,000	6 years	Evaluated: 3 Awarded: 1	Wastewater	All SSIP Projects		
Tunnel Technical Advisory Services	PRO.0137C	\$200	4 years	Evaluated: 3 Awarded: 1	Wastewater	Folsom Area Stormwater Detention Project		
Planning & Engineering Services	CS-235	\$80,000	10 years	Evaluated: 1 Awarded: 1	Wastewater	SEWPCP Biosolids Digester Facilities		
System Integration and Support Services – Related to Project Controls	CS-224A CS-224B	\$4,500 \$4,500	6 years	Evaluated: 2 Awarded: 2	All Three Enterprises	All Construction Projects		

During our analysis of the scoring and evaluation process, we noted that the winning bid was primarily determined by the score received for the written and oral categories. Other categories, with weightings less than the written and oral categories, did not materially affect the award's outcome.

The planning & engineering services RFP for the Biosolids Digester Facilities ("BDF") project received only one qualified bidder. SFPUC determined to award the contract, despite only receiving one qualified bid, because the qualified bidder had the unique project experience required, including the unique experience from the sub-consultants included within their bid. We analyzed the evaluation process and did not have any audit findings because of this analysis.

SFPUC did not obtain written confirmations on impartiality and conflicts of interest from all individuals



involved in the procurement of the two System Integration and Support Services – Related to Project Controls contracts. Refer to Finding #1 in Section 5 for a finding related to the procurement of certain systems integration and support services. Prevailing Wage Compliance

The City's Office of Labor Standards Enforcement ("OLSE") is responsible, among other things, for monitoring and enforcing prevailing wage compliance on all City construction contracts, including, but not limited to, SFPUC, SFPW, SFMTA, San Francisco International Airport and Port of San Francisco. We obtained an understanding of OLSE activities to monitor City-wide prevailing wage compliance and related follow-up on potential non-compliance. We also performed tests of OLSE's monitoring and follow-up activities. Table 4.5.3 summarizes prevailing wage restitution resulting from OLSE's enforcement efforts for Fiscal Years 2018-19 through 2020-21.

Table 4.5.3

Prevailing Wage Restitutions Recovered by OLSE
(\$000)

Fiscal Year	Prevailing Wage Restitutions		Restitutions	Prevailing Wage as a Percent of Total Restitutions
2018-19	\$ 2,334	\$	13,349	17.5%
2019-20	1,706		13,796	12.4%
2020-21	656		10,053	6.5%
TOTAL	\$ 4,696	\$	37,198	12.6%

Source: OLSE Annual Reports

The City-wide \$4.7 million of restitution for prevailing wage non-compliance during the three-year year period ended June 30, 2021, is deemed to be insignificant when considering that restitution includes numerous SFPUC, SFPW, San Francisco International Airport, and Port of San Francisco, among other projects, that are not subject to RBOC oversight.



Accounting for Expenditures

Implementation of Accounting for Expenditures

Water primarily used Proposition A and Proposition E funds (which were deemed fungible with each other) to accumulate all project expenditures funded by bonds and other specific funding sources. Periodic summary journal entries transferred the costs incurred by bond series, project, and account from the two fungible funds to the ultimate funding sources.

Wastewater implemented different approaches from Water and Power in documenting how costs are ultimately assigned to bond funding sources. Wastewater's use of "funds" in the general ledger is different than what is used by Water. Expenditures by each project are summarized, analyzed, and then assigned to the eventual bond or other funding sources. These analyses are not reflected in Excel spreadsheet files, and not recorded in the general ledger.

Matching Specific Debt-Funded Expenditures to Funding Sources

Matching specific expenditures to ultimate funding sources is a multi-step process. Specific expenditures must be compared to total expenditures by each project by period to determine the project's ultimate funding source(s).

Table 4.6.1 Water Expenditures by Funding Source (\$000)

Water Projects	2016 Series C	2017 Series C	Total
Cherry Dam Outlet Works	\$ -	\$ 3,897	\$ 3,897
Hetch Hetchy Facilities New Const.	-	9,741	9,741
Hetch Hetchy Facilities Upgrades	-	5,330	5,330
Mtn Tunnel Inspection & Repairs	-	5,458	5,458
Mtn Tunnel Access/Ad Improvement	-	4,399	4,399
San Joaquin Pipeline Rehab	-	15,109	15,109
Lower Cherry Aqueduct	-	7,530	7,530
Mtn Tunnel Access/Ad Imp	-	3,631	3,631
Mtn Tunnel Lining	-	3,072	3,072
BDPL Reliability Upgrade –Tunnel	81,725	-	81,725
BDPL Reliability –Pipeline	42,027	-	42,027
HTWTP Long-Term Improvements	33,505	-	33,505
Calaveras Dam Replacement	22,222	-	22,222
Alameda Siphon #4	19,471	-	19,471
Habitat Reserve Program	19,104	-	19,401
Regional Ground Water Storage	13,501	-	13,501
Bond/Commercial Paper Expense	8,607	-	8,607
All Other Projects	15,532	16,189	31,721
TOTAL	\$ 255,694	\$ 74,356	\$ 330,347

Source: 2016C - Green Bond Report; 2017C - SFPUC General Ledger.



Table 4.6.2
Wastewater Expenditures by Funding Source
\$(000)

Wastewater Projects	2018 Series A	2018 Series C	2021 Series A	Total
Collection System Improvement	\$ 37,584	\$ 28,560	\$ 30,796	\$ 96,940
Central Bayside System Improvement	9,029	838	633	10,500
Biosolids Digester	55,960	79,104	150,495	285,559
Stormwater Management	7,283	3,565	12,342	23,190
Flood Resilience	268	-	2,582	2,850
Northshore To Channel Force Main	3,277	974	-	4,251
Program Wide Management	43,382	4,042	14,874	62,298
Treatment Plant Improvement Projects	83,182	53,637	80,813	217,632
Urban Watershed Assessment	1,052	-	22	1,074
TOTAL	\$ 241,017	\$ 170,720	\$ 292,557	\$ 704,294
Number of months in the period	20	15	13	48

Source: 2018 A & C - Green Bond Report; 2021A - SFPUC General Ledger

Table 4.6.3
Power Expenditures by Funding Source (\$000)

(#***)	
Power Projects	2015 Series A
Holm Powerhouse Refurbishment & Kirkwood Powerhouse Oil Containment	\$ 12,928
Mountain Tunnel Interim Repairs – 2017 & 2018	10,847
Kirkwood Penstock Short-Term Risk Reduction Measures	1,790
Moccasin Penstock Rehabilitation	2,232
All Other Projects	844
TOTAL	\$ 28,641

Source: Green Bond Report

Labor, Benefits, and Related Overhead Expenditures

We took an overall approach to test labor and benefits because of the labor detail information available. We reconciled 100% of SFPUC labor details and selected SFPW labor details for fiscal years 2016-17 through 2020-21 to the payroll general ledger entries. Preliminary differences were deemed insignificant and not investigated.

We performed computer matching of pay rates by job classification and benefits (medical and dental) to published pay and benefit rates. We also calculated and evaluated the reasonableness of the employer



retirement contributions and payroll taxes. Significant preliminary differences were explained to our satisfaction.

We were provided with copies of journal entries to support entries to support all Wastewater expenditures. These entries were provided by fiscal year and transaction date, starting in fiscal year 2017-18. Transactions for fiscal years 2009-10 through 2016-17 did not have transaction dates. Also, transactions funded by commercial paper were assigned to commercial paper did not have their funding sources changed to the ultimate funding source when commercial paper was defeased by bonds.

Accordingly, to ensure that we included at least all Wastewater expenditures subject to the performance audit, our summarization includes expenditures funded by bonds other than those subject to the performance audit. The following table summarizes, by auditor-selected periods, Wastewater bond-funded labor-related expenditures by expenditure classification for the FAMIS sub-funds.

Table 4.6.4
Direct Labor, Benefits and Overhead
Wastewater Revenue Bonds
(\$000)

Expenditure Classification	NOV2U16 - Jun 2018		Jul 2018 - Sep 2019		Oct 2019 - Oct 2020	Total		
Direct labor	\$	17,716	\$	13,618	\$ 14,013	\$	45,347	
Benefits on direct labor		6,701		5,353	5,829		17,883	
Subtotal direct labor and benefits		24,417		18,971	19,842		63,230	
Overhead		24,199		28,832	18,571		71,602	
TOTAL	\$	48,616	\$	47,803	\$ 38,413	\$	134,832	
Number of months in the period		20		15	13		48	

Source: SFPUC General Ledger.

The following summarizes labor, benefits, and overhead for the Water bond series subject to our performance audit:

Table 4.6.5
Direct Labor, Benefits, and Overhead
Water Revenue Bonds
(\$000)

Expenditure Classification	2016 Series C			2017 Series C	Total
Direct labor	\$	5,768	\$	6,570	\$ 12,338
Benefits on direct labor		2,352		3,026	5,378
Subtotal direct labor and benefits		8,120		9,596	17,716
Overhead		6,949		6,443	13,392
TOTAL	\$	15,069	\$	16,039	\$ 31,108

Source: SFPUC General Ledger.



The following summarizes labor, benefits, and overhead for the Power bond series subject to our performance audit:

Table 4.6.6

Direct Labor, Benefits, and Overhead

Power Revenue Bonds

(\$000)

Expenditure Classification		2015
Experientare diagonioation	S	eries A
Direct labor	\$	1,707
Benefits on direct labor		835
Subtotal direct labor and benefits		2,542
Overhead		1,685
TOTAL	\$	4,227

Labor-Related Expenditures by City Department

From July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2021, 97.2% of total labor, benefits, and overhead were charged by SFPUC and SFPW to projects funded by all bonds subject to RBOC oversight. The remaining 2.8% charged by all other City departments and agencies is deemed insignificant.

Table 4.6.6 summarizes total labor, benefits, and overhead dollars by City department or agency funded by bonds subject to RBOC oversight from July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2021:

Table 4.6.7
Comparative Labor, Benefits, and Overhead Dollars
All Bonds Subject to RBOC Oversight
July 2013 to June 2021
(\$000)

Classification	SFPUC	SFPW		SFPW		SFPW		SFPW		SFPW		SFPW		SFPW		SFPW		Total SFPUC Other and SFPW		SEPW		Other		Total	
Direct labor and benefits	\$ 225,718	\$	73,220	\$	298,938	\$	8,483	\$	307,421																
Overhead	174,389		74,662		249,051		7,203		256,254																
TOTAL	\$ 400,107	\$	147,882	\$	547,989	\$	15,686	\$	563,675																
TOTAL as a %	70.99%		26.24%		97.22%		2.78%		100.00%																



Table 4.6.7 summarizes overhead as a percentage of direct labor and benefit dollars by City department or agency funded by bonds subject to RBOC oversight from July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2021:

Table 4.6.8
Comparative Overhead as a
Percentage of Direct Labor and Benefits
All Bonds Subject to RBOC Oversight
July 2013 to June 2021

	SFPUC	SFPW	Other
Overhead as a percentage of labor and benefits	77.35%	101.97%	84.91%
Difference using SFPUC's overhead rate as the benchmark	N/A	24.62%	7.56%

From July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2021, SFPW's overhead charged to all projects subject to RBOC oversight was 24.62% higher than SFPUC's. Using SFPUC's overhead rates in place of SFPW's reduces bond-funded expenditures, subject to RBOC oversight, by \$18.0 million. As shown above, direct labor, benefits and overhead charged by other departments was insignificant, so the 7.56% overhead rate difference was not investigated further.

SFPW Labor Through June 30, 2017

SFPW labor through June 30, 2017, was controlled only at the funding level, not at the project level. Accordingly, SFPUC is not able to assert that SFPW labor through June 30, 2017, was charged to the correct project. SFPUC informed us that this pervasive system-level internal control deficiency was corrected upon the implementation of PeopleSoft on July 1, 2017.



5. FINDINGS APPLICABLE TO ALL BOND SERIES

We have two findings applicable to all bond series, not just the six-bond series subjected to Phase 2 performance audit procedures. One finding results from a pervasive internal control deficiency related to confidentiality and conflicts of interest during procurement solicitations. The second finding relates to the effects of not transferring SFPW's Hydraulics Section to SFPUC along with the rest of what is now known as the Wastewater Enterprise, even though this Section almost exclusively provides sewer-related project management, design, engineering, and construction management services.

Finding No. 1: Non-Completion of Impartiality and Confidentiality Statements by All Individuals Associated with Procurements

Summary

SFPUC did not comply with COSO Framework guidance and City preferred procurement practices by not obtaining signed impartiality and conflict of interest statements from <u>all</u> individuals participating in procurement solicitations, including those performing minimum qualifications review, creating a heightened risk for impropriety. This pervasive internal control deficiency existed during the procurement process for a contract awarded to an entity controlled by an individual who had a joint investment with the former SFPUC AGM-Infrastructure (and later, SFPUC General Manager). The circumstances surrounding the timing of the sale of the individual's share of the investment to the former AGM-Infrastructure increased the risk environment for waste and abuse with respect to this contract award. We questioned a total of \$15.36 million of expenditures.

Criteria

The City requires all departments to establish and maintain effective internal control systems and uses the COSO Framework as its internal control framework. The guidance in the COSO Framework is therefore an appropriate benchmark for evaluating SFPUC's establishment and maintenance of effective internal control systems. Further, the COSO Framework should be applied at various levels of the organizational structure from functional to entity-wide level across the 5 components and 17 underlining principles. Absent any citywide policy, SFPUC as an organization has the responsibility to establish and maintain effective internal control systems for its organization.

Specifically, the operating controls over the *control environment* and *monitoring activities* are the relevant criterion identified under the COSO Framework.

COSO Framework Evaluation Tools 10 for the control environment, page 5, includes a section on the "...[e]xistence and implementation of codes of conduct and other policies regarding acceptable business practice, conflicts of interest, and ethical and moral behavior..." The evaluation of the codes of conduct and other policies include, but not limited to, consideration of whether they are:

- Comprehensive; and
- Periodically acknowledged by all employees.

¹⁰ Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission; *Internal Control – Integrated Framework: Evaluation Tools*; September 1992, page 5.





Also, the COSO Framework Evaluation Tools for monitoring activities states that, "internal control monitoring should assess the quality of performance over time and ensure that the findings of audits and other reviews are promptly resolved...including those showing deficiencies and recommendations reported by auditors and others who evaluate agencies' operations.

The SFPUC Statement of Incompatible Activities, Section III. A. 3. states in part that "...[N]o officer or employee may knowingly provide selective assistance (i.e., assistance that is not generally available to all competitors) to individuals or entities in a manner that confers a competitive advantage on a bidder or proposer who is competing for a City contract..." We consider this part of the existence and comprehensiveness of relevant policies and procedures.

The City Controller's Office developed a City Solicitation/Contract Participation Acknowledgement form ("Acknowledgement", and since superseded by the Impartiality/Confidentiality Statement "I/CS"). The Acknowledgement or I/CS must be completed and signed by all individuals associated with procurement, from the development of the solicitation to the evaluation and selection of vendors, consultants, or contractors. The Acknowledgement or I/CS requires the signer to acknowledge, among other things, that:

- 1. All information concerning the solicitation is of a highly confidential nature.
- 2. The evaluator must give each entity fair and independent consideration.
- 3. Although an evaluator may listen to the views of other participants, the comments and decisions must reflect the evaluator's own impartial judgment on the entity's proposal/bid.
- 4. The evaluator should not participate in the evaluation process if (s)he has any conflict of interest that would prevent an impartial judgment as to each entity.

SFPUC issued *Guidance for Obtaining Professional Services Agreements* 9/2/09 ("Procurement Guidance"). Under this Procurement Guidance, the originator of the Request for Proposal "...[r]eviews each proposal package for responsiveness to the RFP requirements and specifically whether consultant meets the qualifications criteria..."

This Procurement Guidance also requires evaluation panelists to complete conflict of interest statements, but no such requirement exists for individuals evaluating proposal packages for responsiveness to RFP requirements. Impartiality and lack of conflict of interest is as important for the individuals evaluating proposal packages for responsiveness to the RFP requirements as they are for panelists.

GAGAS paragraph 8.121b states in part that an example of waste, depending on the facts and circumstances, includes:

"[m]aking procurement or vendor selections that are contrary to existing policies..."

GAGAS paragraph 8.123c states in part that an example of abuse, depending on the facts and circumstances, includes:

"[m]isusing the official's position for personal gain (including actions that could be perceived by an objective third party with knowledge of the relevant information as improperly benefiting an official's personal financial interests or those of an immediate or close family member..."



Observations

SFPUC neither required nor obtained completed Acknowledgement or I/CS forms from SFPUC staff who evaluated proposal packages for responsiveness to the RFP requirements and specifically whether consultants met the qualifications criteria. We specifically observed the non-completion of I/CS forms by the qualitative review panel during the evaluation of the January-August 2012 RFP process that resulted in contract CS-224A awarded to mlok Consulting, Inc. ("mlok") and contract CS-224B awarded to Westland Management Solutions, Inc. We inspected an Acknowledgement form signed by an SFPUC employee on September 8, 2011, so the existence of the Acknowledgement form was known within SFPUC no later than this date. We also observed that the president of mlok had a joint investment with the former SFPUC AGM-Infrastructure from December 6, 2002, to December 30, 2011. The president of mlok sold their share of the investment to the former SFPUC AGM- Infrastructure 21 days before the RFP for contract C-224A was issued on January 20, 2012. The former AGM-Infrastructure, who was GM from September 2012 to November 2020, was convicted of felonies in July 2023 for, among other things, having the ability to influence the awarding of some city contracts. The Audit Team has been informed that the City Attorney is conducting confidential investigations of SFPUC, which could include an evaluation of contract C-224A.

SFPUC informed the Audit Team that procedures are undergoing revisions to require the use of evaluation panels on all procurements above \$500,000. The revised procedures also allow SFPUC divisions to use evaluation panels on procurements of less than \$500,000.



Effect

The following table summarizes CS-224A and CS-224B contract expenditures subject to RBOC oversight from fiscal year 2012-13 to 2020-21:

Contract Number	Consultant		Expenditures (\$000)		
CS-224A	mlok Consulting, Inc.	\$	7,100		
CS-224B Westland Management Solutions, Inc.			8,260		
Total Expenditures:		\$	15,360		

The amounts summarized above include expenditures funded by all bond series subject to RBOC oversight and exclude amounts funded by other sources not subject to RBOC oversight.

SFPUC did not obtain adequate evidence that individuals evaluating proposal packages for responsiveness to the RFP requirements and specifically whether consultant met the qualifications criteria complied with SFPUC impartiality and conflict of interest requirements. This increased the risk environment for waste on contract CS-224A and CS-224B.

The combination of not requiring acknowledgement of impartiality and conflict of interest policies, and the facts and circumstances of the mlok President's joint ownership of property with the former SFPUC AGM Infrastructure, and the related sale of her share of the property, resulted in an increased risk environment for abuse as well as waste on contract CS-224A.

Because of the increased risk environment for waste and abuse, we question whether the \$15.36 million of expenditures was a proper use of bond proceeds.

Cause

SFPUC not requiring the Acknowledgement or I/CS forms from individuals evaluating proposal packages for responsiveness to the RFP requirements is a pervasive internal control deficiency, as periodic acknowledgements of conflict of interest and other relevant policies is a specific component of the COSO Framework control environment.

SFPUC asserts that then-extant City policy did not require the completion of Acknowledgement or I/CS from individuals evaluating proposal packages for responsiveness to the RFP requirements. Impartiality and lack of conflict of interest of the individuals evaluating proposal packages for responsiveness to the RFP requirements is important enough that a specific City-wide policy including such individuals as being subject to completion of Acknowledgement or I/CS forms should not be necessary for SFPUC to have included and implemented such a requirement for completion.

Recommendations

SFPUC should follow the guidance in the COSO Framework for control environment, and monitoring controls with the following:

- require the completion of I/CS forms on all procurements above \$500,000, and for those procurements where SFPUC deems appropriate to further strengthen its control environment.
- request all publicly available information from the City Attorney on its investigations of SFPUC procurement practices and periodically report such publicly available information to the RBOC, where procurement practices impact revenue bond expenditures to further strengthen monitoring activities.



Finding No. 2: SFPUC Should Quantify and Report on Overhead Rates Charged for SFPW Sewer Engineering Activities

Summary

SFPUC is not quantifying or reporting the monetary impact of SFPW's overhead rates on total sewer engineering direct labor and benefits to the RBOC. The RBOC accordingly cannot discharge its oversight responsibilities on these additional expenditures.

Since future expenditures subject to RBOC oversight on Wastewater projects are expected to be in the billions of dollars, it is expected that substantial SFPW sewer engineering direct labor, benefits and related overhead will be included in such expenditures.

Criteria

San Francisco Administration Code Section 5A.31(c)(5), states in part that the purpose of the RBOC includes:

"Reviewing efforts by the City to maximize bond proceeds by implementing cost- saving measures, including, but not limited to, all of the following: (i) mechanisms designed to reduce the costs of professional, consulting and similar fees and expenses related to site preparation and project design..."

Since the legislation states "...including, but not limited to...", we interpret this provision to include mechanisms to reduce the costs of all bond-funded expenditures.

Observation

SFPUC is not quantifying or reporting the monetary impact of SFPW's overhead rates on total sewer engineering direct labor and benefits. We recognize that SFPW, as a government fund department, has a different overhead rate recovery structure than SFPUC, a proprietary/enterprise fund department.

SFPUC, as a matter of policy and in accordance with an MOU, gives SFPW the right of first refusal to provide sewer engineering services on SFPUC projects if SFPUC has the capability, but not capacity, to provide such services.

This observation does not apply to any additional street repair or replacement expenditures made necessary by SFPUC water, power and/or sewer projects.

The following shows the allocation of SFPW's engineering expenditures spent on department projects in fiscal years 2021 and 2022. Analysis based on publicly available data.

- 32 to 34 percent on SFPUC projects
- 26 to 29 percent on SFPW projects
- 19 percent on Parks and Recreation projects
- 20 to 21 percent on all other City projects, with no department exceeding 11 percent.

Effect

The RBOC does not have adequate visibility of the financial impact of using SFPW sewer engineering services, and therefore cannot exercise proper oversight of these expenditures that are funded with revenue bonds. Specifically, SFPUC submitting project budgets to RBOC without quantifying these effects is not sufficient for RBOC to have adequate information on the mechanisms designed to reduce the costs of projects funded with revenue bond proceeds.

Since future expenditures subject to RBOC oversight on Wastewater projects are expected to be in the billions of dollars, it is expected that substantial SFPW sewer engineering direct labor, benefits and related overhead will be included in such expenditures.



Cause	SFPUC budgetary procedures do not include the requirement to communicate these fiscal effects of SFPW sewer engineering costs to RBOC.
Recommendation	SFPUC should coordinate with RBOC and SFPW to quantify, evaluate, and report on the monetary impacts of SFPW's overhead rates charged on total direct labor and benefit expenditures subject to RBOC oversight, so that the RBOC can exercise proper oversight over such overhead expenditures.



6. CONCLUSION

We met our audit objectives for the Phase 2 performance audit of capital expenditures funded by proceeds from public utility revenue bonds subject to RBOC oversight. Except as described in Section 5 of this report, we found no instances in which expenses were not adequately supported or were not assigned or allocated to the correct project(s) within a bond series.

We also found that a previously reported material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was also a deficiency in internal control significant to our audit objectives over the allowability of expenditures, and assignment or allocation of expenditures to project(s) within a bond series. Even though SFPUC has taken steps to rectify the internal control deficiencies identified in Finding 1, SFPUC determined that it was impracticable to rectify the deficiencies on a retrospective basis back to fiscal 2010-11.



7. FOLLOW-UP ON PREVIOUSLY ISSUED FINDINGS

GAGAS requires that auditors follow up on the findings of previous audit recommendations. This section includes our recommendations from Phase 1 of our performance audit and our observations on the implementation of our recommendations.

CSA informed us that it is responsible for follow-up on previously issued findings and will follow up with SFPUC at the appropriate time.

Follow-Up on Phase 1, Finding 1

Phase 1 Report: Finding 1 Recommendation

The SFPUC should coordinate with RBOC to provide a comprehensive report of project expenditures by each funding source to facilitate compliance with Administrative Code Sections 5A.30-5A.36:

- a. revenue bonds by bond series,
- b. federal and state grants and loans,
- c. commercial paper to be refinanced, and
- d. other funding sources.

The amounts should reconcile to the Estimated Uses of Bond Proceeds included in each bond series' Official Statement.

In addition, SFPUC should coordinate with RBOC to provide a report showing the uses of bond proceeds for each bond series, including:

- a. amounts deposited into capital project funds,
- b. commercial paper defeased,
- c. Debt Service Reserve (DSR) releases (included with either the original bond series or as separately identified bond proceeds),
- d. investment earnings on unexpended bond proceeds used for capital expenditures, and
- e. other uses of bond proceeds.

Current Status

SFPUC's reporting of expenditures by project and funding source does not include funding sources not subject to RBOC oversight, whereas Infrastructure reports only total expenditures by project from all funding sources. Because Infrastructure reports total project expenditure amounts to RBOC, RBOC cannot discharge its responsibilities without a reconciliation of expenditures subject to RBOC oversight to total expenditures.

We also observed the following during our follow-up on this prior recommendation:

- Total available expenditures for multiple Water bond series do not include amounts used to defease commercial paper. This is inconsistent with other Water bond series and all Wastewater bond series, which include commercial paper defeasances in total available proceeds.
- All Wastewater investment earnings on unexpended bond proceeds are included as one total amount, as are total investment earnings for Power 2015 Series A and B bonds. This is inconsistent with the Water bond series, which summarize investment earnings by bond series.



Current Recommendation

SFPUC should ensure that annual reports provided to RBOC of expenditures by bond series include all funding sources. This information is crucial so the annual RBOC reports can be reconciled to other reports issued to the public that contain total expenditures by project regardless of funding source, and Green Bond reports that contain total expenditures by bond series and project.

Follow-Up on Phase 1, Finding 2

-	
Phase 1 Report: Finding 2 Recommendation	SFPUC should comply with the existing PM Procedure, 6.02 Quality Assurance Audits, to perform Quality Assurance Audits during the four main phases of a project's lifecycle.
Current Status	The implementation of this recommendation is in process, as the implementation cycle for this recommendation is multiple years. We have no further observations on the implementation to date of this recommendation.
	We note that the AGM Infrastructure updated the RBOC regarding steps to improve the QA audit function in September 2022 and May 2023. These steps included re-organizing the project controls group under the project management bureau to better align with other PM functions, and steps to replace the quality assurance manager position that was vacated in June 2022. Further, project management procedure 6.02, titled "Quality Assurance Audits," was revised to increase the AGM's latitude for prioritizing projects that require QA involvement, such as the project's size, type, or complexity.
	SFPUC performed four QA audits after the Phase 1 report, with more QA audits planned in the future months. Findings from these QA audits were categorized by the project management or engineering management processes. The responsible project managers are required to complete a corrective action plan ("CAR") describing the underlying cause, remedial (short-term) actions, and proposed corrective (long-term) actions taken related to each QA finding.
Current Recommendation	SFPUC should continue its process to re-implement the QA audit function, including the evaluation of CARs as applicable.



8. APPENDIX A

Previously Issued Reports Relevant to the Performance Audit

Report Date	Report Title	Prepared by
December 23, 2021	Performance Audit of Select Revenue Bond Expenditures	HKA Global, Inc. Yano Accountancy Corporation
February 26, 2021	San Francisco Public Utilities Commission – Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	KPMG LLP
October 22, 2015	Construction Management Services - RBOC Evaluation of Lessons Learned Water System Improvement Program (WSIP) Project CS-363 Final Report	RW Block Consulting, Inc.
May 9, 2013	Evaluation of the Water System Improvement Program (WSIP) Project CS-254	RW Block Consulting, Inc.
January 19, 2012	Review of the Independent Review Panel's Final Report dated December 28, 2011	Professor William Ibbs
December 28, 2011	Independent Review of the Water System Improvement Project (WSIP) Construction Management Program	Gary Griggs, MSCE., PE, Panel Chair Glenn Singley, PE, Panel Member Don Russell, CCM., FCMAA, Panel Member Galyn Rippentrop, Panel Member
December 10, 2009	Review of Sunset Reservoir - North Basin Project - Final Report to the Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee	Robert Kuo Consulting, RW Block Consulting, Lawrence Doyle
November 21, 2007	Financial Review of Aspects of the Water System Improvement Program	Robert Kuo Consulting, LLC with Lawrence Doyle, Shannon Gaffney Consulting, EPC Consultants, Inc.
July 17, 2006	Review of Water System Improvement Program Expenditures Under SFPUC's Commercial Paper Program	Robert Kuo Consulting, LLC & Lawrence Doyle



Bonds Subject to RBOC Oversight

SFPUC Enterprise	Official S Proceed	
Water and Hetchy Water	\$	4,674,443
Wastewater		1,837,773
Power		195,761
TOTAL	\$	6,707,977

	Water and Hetchy Water	 al Statement eeds (\$000)
	Water	
1	2006 Series A	\$ 459,223
2	2009 Series A	369,073
3	2009 Series B	377,778
4	2010 Series A	58,748
5	2010 Series B	364,757
6	2010 Series D	72,243
7	2010 Series E	300,446
8	2010 Series F	149,728
9	2010 Series G	288,252
10	2011 Series A	525,000
11	2011 Series C	33,772
12	2012 Series A	530,000
13	2012 Series B	15,750
14	2016 Series C	256,822
15	2017 Series A	125,765
16	2017 Series B	150,000
17	2020 Series A	180,000
18	2020 Series B	69,644
19	2020 Series C	94,988
	Subtotal Original Issue	4,421,989
	Debt Service Reserve Releases	99,709
	Subtotal Water	\$ 4,521,698
	Hetchy Water	
20	2011 Series B	27,710
21	2017 Series C	75,265
22	2020 Series D	 49,770
	Subtotal Hetchy Water	152,745
	Subtotal Water and Hetchy Water	\$ 4,674,443

Source: Official Statements.

Proceeds at Issuance may not include all adjustments to the Official Statement amounts, investment earnings, or post-issuance debt service reserve releases.



	Wastewater Enterprise	Official Statemer Proceeds (\$000	
23	2010 Series A	\$ 50,00	00
24	2010 Series B	165,92	29
25	2013 Series B	337,6	10
26	2016 Series A	258,56	33
27	2016 Series B	72,89	91
28	2018 Series A	241,01	13
29	2018 Series B	201,04	47
30	2018 Series C	170,72	20
31	2021 Series A	296,00	00
32	2021 Series B	44,00	00
	Subtotal Wastewater	\$ 1,837,77	73

Source: Official Statements.

Proceeds at Issuance may not include all adjustments to the Official Statement amounts, investment earnings, or post-issuance debt service reserve releases.

	Power Enterprise	Official Statement Proceeds (\$000)
33	2008 CREB	\$ 5,885
34	2011 QECB	8,217
35	2012 NCREB	3,711
36	2015 NCREB	2,933
37	2015 Series A	30,200
38	2015 Series B	7,100
39	2021 Series A	82,710
40	2021 Series B	55,005
	Subtotal Power	\$ 195,761

Source: Official Statements.

Proceeds at Issuance may not include all adjustments to the Official Statement amounts, investment earnings, or post-issuance debt service reserve releases.



Phase 2 Bonds - Project Index

Table 8.3.1
Wastewater 2018 A&C and 2021A Projects

Project	Program	Contract No.	FAMIS Project Code	PS Project Code
Treatment Facilities				
Southeast Plant Improvements				
Biosolids Digester Facilities Project – Planning & Engineering, Pre-Construction & Construction Services	SSIP Phase 1	CS-235 WW-647R	CWWSIPDP01	10015796
New Headworks Grit Replacement	SSIP Phase 1	CS-389	CWWSIPSE02	10015807
Oceanside Plant (OSP) Improvements				
Oceanside Pollution Control Plant Digester Gas Handling Utilization Upgrades	SSIP Phase 1	WW-639	CWWSIPTPOP03	10029737
North Point Facility (NFP) Improvements				
Northpoint Outfall Rehabilitation	SSIP Phase 1	WW-614R2	CWWSIPTPNP01	10026821
Collection System				
Interceptors / Tunnels and Odor Control				
Drumm & Jackson St. Sewer Improvements	SSIP Phase 1	WW-657R	CWWSIPCSSR09	10002689
Interdepartmental Projects				
Van Ness BRT Sewer Improvements	SSIP Phase 1	1289 (SFMTA)	CWWSIPCSSR04	10002664
Geary BRT Sewer Improvements	SSIP Phase 1	WW-674R	CWWSIPCSSR06	10002670
L Taraval Sewer Improvements	SSIP Phase 1	1308R (SFMTA)	CWWSIPCSSR13	10002776
Pump Stations and Force Main Improvements				
Mariposa Pump Station & Force Main	SSIP Phase 1	WW-667	CWWSIPCSPS03	10026828
Marin St. Sewer Replacement	SSIP Phase 1	WW-653	CWWSIPCSPS05	10002465
Griffith Pump Station Improvements	SSIP Phase 1	WW-651	CWWSIPCSPS06	10002485
Combined Sewer Discharge, Transport/Storage Structures				
Jackson, Griffith, & Pierce St. Sewer Discharge Rehabilitation & Backflow Prevention	SSIP Phase 1	WW-702R	CWWSIPCSCD04	10002344
Sansome, 5 th & 6 th North, & Division St., Sewer Discharge Rehabilitation & Backflow Prevention	SSIP Phase 1	WW-683R	CWWSIPCSCD05	10002378
Stormwater Management				
Sunset Blvd. Greenway Phase II Irving to Ulloa	SSIP Phase 1	WW-691	CWWSIPFCDB01	10026805
Lake Merced, Holloway Green St. Stormwater Imp.	SSIP Phase 1	WW-609R	CWWSIPFCDB03	10026807
Richmond, Baker Beach Green Streets Early Improvement	SSIP Phase 1	WW-627R	CWWSIPFCDB05	10026809
Flood Resilience				
Folsom Area Stormwater Detention Project -Tunnel Technical Advisory Panel Services	SSIP Phase 1	PRO.0137C	CWWSIPFCDB14	10026818
SSIP Program Management				
Program Wide Management Services	SSIP Phase 1	CS-165	CWWSIPPRPL01	10029732



Table 8.3.2
Water 2016C and 2017C Projects

Projects	Program	Contract No.	FAMIS Project Code	PS Project Code
Sunol Valley				
Calaveras Dam Upgrade	WSIP Regional	WD-2551	CUW37401	10015317
Alameda Siphon No. 4	WSIP Regional	WD-2552	CUW35902	10015291
Bay Division				
BDPL Reliability Upgrade – Bay Tunnel	WSIP Regional	WD-2531	CUW36801	10015308
BDPL Reliability Upgrade – Pipeline No. 5 East Bay Reaches	WSIP Regional	WD-2541	CUW36802	10015309
Peninsula				
Harry Tracy Water Treatment Plant (HTWTP) Long-Term Improvements	WSIP Regional	WD-2596	CUW36701	10015306
San Francisco Regional				
Regional Ground Water Storage & Recovery	WSIP Regional	WD-2668	CUW30103	10015241
Support Projects				
Bioregional Habitat Restoration – San Antonio Creek	WSIP Regional	WD-2652	CUW38802	10015335
Mountain Tunnel Lining Rehabilitation	WSIP	CS-943 (Task 7)	CUH10002	10014067
HHWP Renewal & Replacement				
San Joaquin Pipeline No. 1 In-line Inspection	R&R	CS-296B	CUH10001	10014066
HCIP Water				
Cherry Dam Outlet Works Rehabilitation	HCIP Water	HH-983	CUH10216	10014109
Moccasin Shops / Office Building & Materials Bins	HCIP Water	HH-982	CUH10214	10014107
Mountain Tunnel Access & Adit Improvement	HCIP Water	HH-981	CUH10219	10014112
Moccasin Control & Server Building	HCIP Water	HH-963R	CUH10202	10014095
HCIP Joint				
Lower Cherry Aqueduct Emergency Rehabilitation	HCIP Joint	HH-974E	CUH10003	10014068
Mountain Tunnel Inspection & Repair 2017	HCIP Joint	HH-986	CUH10220	10014113
Mountain Tunnel Inspection & Repair 2018	HCIP Joint	HH-991 CS-249	CUH10221	10014114



Power 2015A Projects	Program	Contract No.	FAMIS Project Code	PS Project Code
HCIP Power				
Holm Powerhouse Refurbishment & Kirkwood Powerhouse Oil Containment	HCIP Power	HH-989	CUH10102	10014075
Kirkwood Penstock Short-Term Risk Reduction Measures	HCIP Power	HH-988R	CUH10113	10014085
Moccasin Penstock Rehabilitation	HCIP Power	CS-296D	CUH10116	10014088



Procurement Analysis

Table 8.4.1 Wastewater Projects Value Variance Analysis (\$000)

Project	No. of Bids	Winning Bid Value	Total Change Order Value	Total Project Value	Engineer's Estimate (EE)	Variance Total Project Value & EE		
SSIP Oceanside Pollution Control Plant Digester Gas Handling Utilization Upgrades	5	\$ 38,449	\$ 2,064	\$ 40,513	\$ 36,300	\$ (4,213)		
Sansome, 5 th & 6 th North, & Division St., Sewer Discharge Rehabilitation & Backflow Prevention	3	\$ 4,907	\$ 1,705	\$ 6,612	\$ 5,036	\$ (1,576)		
Jackson, Griffith, & Pierce St. Sewer Discharge Rehabilitation & Backflow Prevention	3	3,886	-	3,886	4,970	1,084		
Mariposa Pump Station & Force Main	5	17,031	1,008	18,039	16,400	(1,639)		
Geary Blvd. Sewer & Water Imp.	3	16,247	240	16,487	16,000	(487)		
Griffith Pump Station Imp.	3	10,941	1,036	11,977	10,123	(1,854)		
Northpoint Outfall Rehabilitation	2	12,486	419	12,905	10,300	(2,605)		
Baker Beach Green Streets Early Imp.	4	7,122	1,209	8,331	6,961	(1,370)		
Holloway Green St. Stormwater Imp.	2	5,592	288	5,880	5,797	(83)		
Drumm & Jackson St. Sewer Imp.	3	5,241	477	5,718	4,810	(908)		
Marin St. Sewer Replacement	4	4,860	139	4,999	3,700	(1,299)		
Sunset Blvd. Greenway Phase II Irving to Ulloa (Stormwater)	2	2,572	255	2,827	2,291	(536)		
TOTAL		\$ 129,334	\$ 8,840	\$ 138,174	\$ 122,688	\$ (15,486)		

Source: Bid Tabulations, Award Resolutions, and Payment Applications.

Table 8.4.2
Wastewater Project Bid Scoring Summary

		•	•	•	
Project	No. of Bids	Maximum Score Value (Points)	Winning Score (Points)	2 nd Highest Score (Points)	3 rd Highest Score (Points)
SEWPCP - New Headworks Grit Replacement	2	1,000	873.5	771.6	n/a
SEWPCP Biosolids Digester Project – Pre-Construction & Construction Services	2	1,000	1,000	906.26	n/a

Source: Bid Tabulations



Table 8.4.3 Water Projects Value Variance Analysis (\$000)

Project	No. of Bids	Winning Bid Value	Total Change Order Value	Total Project Value	Engineer's Estimate (EE)	Variance Total Project Value & EE	
Calaveras Dam Upgrade	5	\$ 259,572	\$ 308,209	\$ 567,780	\$ 295,000	\$ (272,780)	
BDPL Upgrade – Bay Tunnel	4	215,295	2,325	217,619	250,343	32,724	
BDPL Upgrade– Pipeline No. 5 Easy Bay Reach	8	61,558	22,212	83,800	97,771	13,971	
HTWTP – Long-Term Improvements	5	174,197	22,288	196,485	235,250	38,765	
Regional Ground Water Storage & Recovery	4	42,980	20,327	63,307	50,025	(13,282)	
Alameda Siphon No. 4	4	31,933	6,802	38,736	41,410	2,674	
Bioregional Habitat Restoration – San Antonio Creek	4	12,947	3,211	16,158	13,000	(3,158)	
Cherry Dam Outlet Works Rehabilitation	6	3,063	3,866	6,930	4,500	(2,430)	
Lower Cherry Aqueduct*	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,679	n/a	n/a	
Moccasin Shops / Office Building & Materials Bins	2	9,171	551	9,722	9,430	(292)	
Moccasin Control & Server Building	8	6,611	419	7,030	4,700	(2,330)	
Mountain Tunnel Access & Adit Improvement	2	4,287	961	5,248	5,000	(248)	
Mountain Tunnel Inspection & Repair 2017	6	4,960	651	5,611	5,500	(111)	
Mountain Tunnel Inspection & Repair 2018	4	5,875	938	6,813	6,200	(613)	
TOTAL		\$ 832,449	\$ 392,760	\$ 1,228,918	\$ 1,018,129	\$ (207,110)	

Source: Bid Tabulations, Award Resolutions, and Payment Applications.

The Lower Cherry Aqueduct is an emergency project; thus, normal procurement procedures did not apply.

Table 8.4.4 Power Projects Value Variance Analysis (\$000)

Project	No. of Bids	/inning d Value	С	Total hange ler Value	al Project Value	ngineer's Estimate (EE)	Tot	ariance al Project lue & EE
Holm Powerhouse Refurb. & Kirkwood Powerhouse Oil Containment	2	\$ 9,948	\$	1,894	\$ 11,482	\$ 9,200	\$	(2,282)
Kirkwood Penstock Short-Term Risk Reduction	3	1,277		(199)	1,158	1,220		62
TOTAL		\$ 11,225	\$	1,695	\$ 12,640	\$ 10,420	\$	(2,220)

Source: Bid Tabulations, Award Resolutions, and Payment Applications.



Appendix B: Department Response



525 Golden Gate Avenue, 13th Floor San Francisco, CA 94102 T 415.554.3155 F 415.554.3161 TTY 415.554.3488

August 11, 2023

Mark de la Rosa Director of Audits City Hall, Room 476 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102

Subject: The San Francisco Public Utilities Commission Spent Revenue

Bond Funds for Allowable Purposes but Should Strengthen Its

Compliance and Monitoring Controls

Dear Mr. de la Rosa,

Thank you for providing us the opportunity to review the audit report, The San Francisco Public Utilities Commission Spent Revenue Bond Funds for Allowable Purposes but Should Strengthen Its Compliance and Monitoring Controls, prepared by the Controller's Office City Services Auditor.

We appreciate the time your staff dedicated to this audit. We agreed with the report where we could and, where we could not agree, provided details. Since becoming General Manager, I have sought to strengthen our internal processes and controls. Our team will continue to comply with all applicable laws, policies, and procedures. We respectfully disagree with the fundamental premises of this audit, as stated in the opening letter, and numerous statements and conclusions in the audit. The SFPUC has strong processes and procedures in place and professional staff who work hard to implement the same. What is meant by "coordination" with the Revenue Bond Oversight Committee is unclear - by law, the RBOC is an oversight and reporting body, it is not involved in government decisions. Other statements throughout the report raise concerns: the auditors' late inclusion of the "COSO Framework," which as an internal control framework is not a contracting standard, unsupported assumptions about all contracts between June 2003 and November 2020 (p. 35), and speculative statements about confidential investigations (p. 45). As a result, we cannot agree with a number of the auditors' conclusions.

London N. Breed Mayor

Newsha K. Ajami

Sophie Maxwell Vice President

Tim Paulson Commissioner

Anthony Rivera

Commissioner

Kate H. Stacy

Dennis J. Herrera General Manager

OUR MISSION: To provide our customers with high-quality, efficient and reliable water, power and sewer services in a manner that values environmental and community interests and sustains the resources entrusted to our care.





We look forward to continuing to work with the Controller's office to provide the public as much information as possible and maintain our transparency.

If there are any questions or additional information is needed, please do not hesitate to contact me at 415-554-1600.

Sincerely,

For Dennis Herrera

Dennis Herrera General Manager

CC: Ronald Flynn, Deputy General Manager Stephen Robinson, AGM Infrastructure Nancy Hom, AGM Business Services/CFO Irella Blackwood, Audit Director



Recommendations and Responses

For each recommendation, the responsible agency should indicate in the column labeled Agency Response whether it concurs, does not concur, or partially concurs and provide a brief explanation. If it concurs with the recommendation, it should indicate the expected implementation date and implementation plan. If the responsible agency does not concur or partially concurs, it should provide an explanation and an alternate plan of action to address the identified issue.

Recommendation	Agency Response	CSA Use Only Status Determination*
The San Francisco Utilities Commission should		
1. Follow the guidance in the COSO Framework for control environment and require the completion of I/CS forms on all procurements above \$500,000, and for those procurements where SFPUC deems appropriate to further strengthen its control environment.	□ Concur □ Do Not Concur ☑ Partially Concur The SFPUC is pleased to note that we are in compliance with applicable city laws, policies and practices. The SFPUC will continue to look to the City and County of San Francisco for guidance in contracting. The department has a multi-prong approach to maintaining the integrity of the procurement process which includes education, training and acknowledgement. In 2021, the SFPUC formally approved the Competitive Selection Process Communications Policy, which governs communications that may confer a competitive advantage. Additionally, all Contract Administration Bureau staff and other SFPUC staff involved in the solicitation review process sign SFPUC Solicitation Conflict of Interest Statement and Confidentiality Agreement. All SFPUC employees participating as panelist during solicitation evaluation sign a Panelist Acknowledgement Form. With respect to the wording of the recommendation, the SFPUC assumed the auditors intended "all procurements" to mean professional services since that was the topic throughout the fieldwork stage. It is unclear how the \$500,000 was calculated or what it is rooted in. The SFPUC respectfully departs from several conclusions drawn in this report. We'd like to highlight a few things: 1. SFPUC staff were never asked about the COSO Framework during the fieldwork stage, and it is not a standard in PUC contracting. The auditor inserted this criterion between the first and second draft reports.	□ Closed □ Contested



Recommendation	Agency Response	CSA Use Only Status Determination*
	 SFPUC staff communicated to the auditor several times that the PUC was not obligated to form a technical panel for CS-224A and CS-224B and the report provides no evidence to the contrary. We disagree with questioning of the \$15.360 in expenditures. 	
	3. Page 30 alleges that "all contracts" covering nearly a twenty-year period were under the former GM's "control" and as such "deemed to be a material weakness as the former GM did not demonstrate ethical behavior and management integrity" and that "The ethical tone set by the former GM increased the risk of waste and abuse during his time as AGM of Infrastructure and later, GM." – but provides no evidence to show that. The former General Manager of course had authority over and access to information throughout the department. But it was SFPUC staff who diligently managed the day-to-day contracting processes in conformance with applicable law and policies.	
	4. The report states the former General Manager was convicted of "having the ability to influence the awarding some city contracts" – but that does not appear to be the wording from the Department of Justice. The auditor also details a "joint investment" between mLok and the former General Manager but provides no causal link between this, the COSO Framework and how I/CS forms would have affected the joint investment.	
	 The report includes a statement that contract C-224A "could" be under a confidential investigation. The auditor provides no evidence of this and it appears misplaced in a report abiding by auditing standards. 	
	The report also noted that the auditor "inspected an Acknowledgement form signed by an SFPUC Employee on September 8, 2011," – the SFPUC never received a copy of this form, despite requests, and we disagree that its existence means I/CS forms should have been signed for the CS-224A and CS-224B solicitations.	



Recommendation	Agency Response	CSA Use Only Status Determination*
2. Follow the guidance in the COSO Framework for monitoring activities and request all publicly available information from the City Attorney on its investigations of SFPUC procurement practices and periodically report such publicly available information to the RBOC, where procurement practices impact revenue bond expenditures to further strengthen monitoring activities.	In 2020, the City Attorney and Controller launched a joint investigation into public corruption identified in the criminal complaint. While the City Attorney focused on employee and contractor wrongdoing across multiple departments, the Controller undertook a Public Integrity review of city contracts, purchase orders, and grants to identify red flags possibly indicating process failures. We are advised that the work of the City Attorney is privileged and confidential and is not public. We are also advised that the City Attorney works with and advises other City departments, including the Controller's Office and its City Services Auditor, concerning public integrity and government contract processes. The Controller has issued several public reports with the information sought by this request, with another public integrity assessment forthcoming on the procurement processes at issue in the federal criminal investigation of Harlan Kelly.	□ Open □ Closed ⊠ Contested
3. Coordinate with RBOC and SFPW to quantify, evaluate, and report on the monetary impacts of SFPW's overhead rates charged on total direct labor and benefit expenditures subject to RBOC oversight, so that the RBOC can exercise proper oversight over such overhead expenditures.	The RBOC oversees the SFPUC, as an independent oversight body; we would not 'coordinate' with them to "quantify, evaluate, and report" on any matter. The SFPUC routinely provides detailed information and updates to the RBOC to fulfill its oversight role upon their request. We will continue to respond to all reasonable RBOC requests for relevant information available to our staff. Regarding the SFPW rates, we would like to highlight that SFPW works closely with the Controller's Office to set those rates and those rates do not vary by city department. This recommendation would also have broader implications; as noted in the observation 32-34% of projects are for the SFPUC. Other departments would also be subject to a recommendation such as this. SFPW's overhead rate information is already publicly available. Lastly, under the right of first refusal in accordance with an MOU, the SFPUC is obligated to offer work to the SFPW – and only if SFPW declines can the work be offered up outside of SFPW. We did note this to the auditors during the fieldwork stage and it is stated in the report observation.	□ Open □ Closed ☑ Contested

^{*} Status Determination based on audit team's review of the agency's response and proposed corrective action.





Services of the San Francisco

Public Utilities Commission

Revenue Bond Audit: Phase II

September 5, 2023

Findings and Recommendations





Revenue Bond Audit – Audit Objectives

GAGAS Performance Audit

Generally
Accepted
Government
Auditing
Standards

Audit Objectives:

To determine whether expenditures from project funds are:

- Allowable under the bond resolutions, laws, and regulations.
- Properly supported.
- Assigned or allocated to the correct project(s) within a bond series; and
- Subjected to appropriate cost control measures.

Respond to RBOC's legislatively mandated responsibilities regarding the status and condition of SFPUC's bond funded capital infrastructure program as set forward in Administrative Code







Revenue Bond Audit – Key Findings & Recommendations

Key Findings and Recommendations:

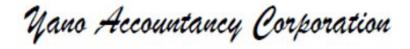
 SFPUC did not obtain signed impartiality and conflict of interest statements from all individuals participating in procurement solicitations. Combined with the control environment material weakness involving the former GM and an entity to whom the contract was awarded, \$15.36MM was questioned due to increased risk environment.

Recommendation: Require completion of impartiality and confidentiality statements from all individuals involved in procurements over \$500,000

2. The RBOC is not quantifying the impact of SFPW overhead rates on total sewer engineering direct labor and benefits to the RBOC.

Recommendation: Coordinate with SFPW to quantify, evaluate and report on the effects of SFPW's overhead rates to the RBOC







Revenue Bond Audit – Audit Performance

Stage 1 – Audit Planning and Survey Phase

- 1. Entrance meeting RBOC and CSA to initiate the audit engagement
- 2. Audit Team performed a preliminary assessment on all revenue bonds subject to RBOC oversight
- 3. Audit Team presented the preliminary bond assessment to CSA

Stage 2 – Audit Fieldwork

- Audit Team developed an audit plan using information obtained during the audit planning and survey stage
- 2. Audit Team's fieldwork yielded the audit evidence used to formulate our findings, conclusions, and ultimately recommendations to the RBOC

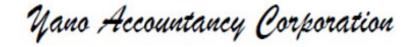
Stage 3 – Reporting

- Audit Team developed a preliminary list of observations and distributed this information for SFPUC comment
- 2. Audit Team's periodically met with CSA to provide progress updates and coordinate audit fieldwork
- 3. Draft findings and recommendations in draft report and provide to **CSA*** for review and issuance.

*CSA Reporting Process

- 1. CSA project team review
- 2. Quality Assurance 1 review
- 3. Senior management review
- 4. Department review
- 5. Quality Assurance 2 review
- 6. Final management review
- 7. Issuance







Revenue Bond Audit – Bonds Selected for Evaluation

Bonds Selected for Evaluation

Water	Wastewater	Power
2016 Series C	2018 Series A	2015 Series A
2017 Series C	2018 Series C	
	2021 Series A	







Revenue Bond Audit – Water & Hetchy Water

Water and Hetchy Water	Proceeds at Issuance (\$000)	Audit Phase
2006 Series A	\$459,223	Phase 1
2009 Series A	369,073	
2009 Series B	377,778	
2010 Series A	58,748	
2010 Series B	364,757	
2010 Series D	72,243	
2010 Series E	300,446	
2010 Series F	149,728	
2010 Series G	288,252	Phase 1
2011 Series A	525,000	
2011 Series B	\$27,710	
2011 Series C	33,772	
2012 Series A	530,000	Phase 1
2015 Series A*	99,709	
2017 Series A	125,766	
2017 Series B	150,000	
2017 Series C	102,975	
2020 Series A	180,000	
2020 Series B	69,644	
2020 Series C	94,988	
2020 Series D	49,770	
TOTAL	\$4, 429,582	

Wastewater	Proceeds at Issuance (\$000)	Audit Phase
2010 Series A	\$50,000	
2010 Series B	165,929	Phase 1
2013 Series B	337,610	Phase 1
2016 Series A (Green)	258,563	Phase 1
2016 Series B	72,891	
2018 Series A (Green)	241,013	Phase 2
2018 Series B (Non-SSIP)	201,047	Phase 2
2018 Series C (Green)	170,720	Phase 2
2021 Series A (Green)**	296,000	Phase 2
2021 Series B**	44,000	
TOTAL	\$1,837,773	

Power	Proceeds at Issuance (\$000)	Audit Phase
2015 Series A (Green)	30,200	Phase 2
2015 Series B	7,100	
2021 Series A (Green)	82,709	
2021 Series B	55,005	
TOTAL	\$175,014	

^{*} Debt Service Reserve Release

^{**} Proceeds per the Official Statement. 2021 Series issued November 2021. Proceeds used for commercial paper defeasances; thus, substantially all amounts were expended prior to June 30, 2021.



Revenue Bond Audit – Key Findings & Recommendations

Finding No. 1 and Recommendation:

• SFPUC did not obtain signed impartiality and conflict of interest statements from all individuals participating in procurement solicitations. Combined with the former GM's unethical conduct and the entity to which one contract was awarded, the increased risk environment resulted in our questioning \$15.36 million of expenditures.

Contract No.	Consultant	Expenditures (\$000)
CS-224A	mlok Consulting, Inc.	\$7,100
CS-224B	Westland Management Solutions, Inc.	8,260
Total Expenditures:		\$15,360

- Observed non-completion of I/CS forms during evaluation of the January-August 2012 RFP process that resulted in contract CS-224A awarded to mlok Consulting, Inc. ("mlok") and contract CS-224B awarded to Westland Management Solutions, Inc.
- Observed the president of mlok had a joint real estate investment with the former SFPUC AGM-Infrastructure from December 6, 2002, to December 30, 2011. The president of mlok sold her share of the investment to the former SFPUC AGM-Infrastructure 21 days before the RFP for contract C-224A was issued on January 20, 2012. The former GM was convicted of multiple felonies on July 17, 2023 due to his unethical conduct while GM. The GM's unethical conduct is deemed to be pervasive with respect to all procurements, even if a direct link cannot be established between his conduct and a specific procurement.
- The combination of the internal control deficiency and the facts and circumstances of the sale of her share of the investment, resulted in the potential for both waste and abuse on contract CS-224A.

Nano Accountancy Corporation

Recommendation: Require completion of impartiality and confidentiality statements from all individuals involved in procurements over \$500,000





Revenue Bond Audit – Key Findings & Recommendations

Finding No. 2 and Recommendation:

- SFPUC uses SFPW for a significant portion of its sewer engineering direct labor an related benefits and overhead.
- Since SFPW is an internal service fund, it has a different overhead rate structure than SFPUC, which is a business-type fund.
- RBOC does not have adequate visibility of the effect of using SFPW direct labor, benefits and related overhead on SFPUC construction projects.

Recommendation: Coordinate with SFPW to quantify, evaluate and report on the effects of SFPW's overhead rates to the RBOC







Services of the San Francisco

Public Utilities Commission

Revenue Bond Audit: Phase II

Questions





Revenue Bond Audit: Phase III

Services of the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission

Risk Assessment and Bond Selection

September 5, 2023





Revenue Bond Audit – Audit Objectives

GAGAS Performance Audit

Generally
Accepted
Government
Auditing
Standards

Audit Objectives

To determine whether expenditures from project funds are:

- Allowable under the bond resolutions, laws, and regulations.
- Properly supported.
- Assigned or allocated to the correct project(s) within a bond series; and
- Subjected to appropriate cost control measures.

Respond to RBOC's legislatively mandated responsibilities regarding the status and condition of SFPUC's bond funded capital infrastructure program as set forward in Administrative Code





Risk Assessment Overview

Risk Assessment

- Non-statistical sampling approach
- Performed data analytics, Identified:
 - Green versus non-green bond series
 - Projects with multiple funding sources
 - Projects with cost overruns (EAC to baseline budget)
 - Bonds that fund multiple projects
 - Bonds with significant expenditures in high-risk projects
 - Bonds used to refund commercial paper
 - Bonds with potential record retention issues
- Reviewed proposed sample bonds with CSA

Preliminary		
Wastewater	Power	Water
2018 Series B	2021 Series A	2017 Series A
2023 Series A*	2021 Series B	
2023 Series B*		

^{*} Only commercial paper defeasance





Revenue Bond Audit – Water & Hetchy Water

Water and Hetchy Water	Proceeds at Issuance (\$000)	Audit Phase
2006 Series A	\$ 459,223	Phase 1
2009 Series A	369,073	
2009 Series B	377,778	
2010 Series A	58,748	
2010 Series B	364,757	
2010 Series D	72,243	
2010 Series E	300,446	
2010 Series F	149,728	
2010 Series G	288,252	Phase 1
2011 Series A	525,000	
2011 Series C	33,772	
2012 Series A	530,000	
2012 Series B	15,750	Phase 1
2016 Series C	256,822	
2017 Series A	125,765	Phase 3
2017 Series B	150,000	
2020 Series A	180,000	
2020 Series B	69,644	
2020 Series C	94,988	
2011 Series B	27,710	
2017 Series C	75,265	
2020 Series D	49,770	
Debt Service Reserve Release	99,709	*
TOTAL	\$ 4,674,443	

Wastewater	Proceeds at Issuance (\$000)	Audit Phase
2010 Series A	\$50,000	
2010 Series B	165,929	Phase 1
2013 Series B	337,610	Phase 1
2016 Series A (Green)	258,563	Phase 1
2016 Series B	72,891	
2018 Series A (Green)	241,013	Phase 2
2018 Series B (Non-SSIP)	201,047	Phase 2
2018 Series C (Green)	170,720	Phase 2
2021 Series A (Green)**	296,000	Phase 2
2021 Series B**	44,000	
2023 Series A	400,920	Phase 3
2023 Series B	157,000	Phase 3
TOTAL	\$1,837,773	
Power	Proceeds at Issuance (\$000)	Audit Phase
2008 CREB	\$ 5,885	
2011 QECB	8,217	
2012 NCREB	3,711	
2015 NCREB	2,933	
2015 Series A	30,200	Phase 2
	7,100	
2015 Series B		
2015 Series B 2021 Series A	82,710	Phase 3
	82,710 55,005	Phase 3 Phase 3

^{*} Debt Service Reserve Release

^{**} Proceeds per the Official Statement. 2021 Series issued November 2021. Proceeds used for commercial paper defeasances; thus, substantially all amounts were expended prior to June 30, 2021.



Services of the San Francisco

Public Utilities Commission

Revenue Bond Audit: Phase III

Questions



REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL ("RFP") FOR

Evaluation of San Francisco Public Utilities Commission Infrastructure Projects
Funded by Revenue Bonds
CONIRFP 2023-xx

I. Introduction and Solicitation Schedule

A. Introduction

1. General

The City and County of San Francisco's Office of the Controller (hereinafter, "CON" or "City"), City Services Auditor (CSA), is issuing this Request for Proposal (hereinafter "RFP" or "Solicitation") in conjunction with the San Francisco Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee (RBOC). The City seeks qualified firms ("Proposers") with recognized experience in capital projects—specifically, projects in the water, wastewater, or power industries—to provide proposals ("Proposals") for professional consulting services to assess San Francisco Public Utilities Commission (SFPUC) infrastructure projects funded by revenue bonds. The objectives of the engagement are to determine whether:

- SFPUC infrastructure performs in accordance with established and applicable design, criteria, and/or legal requirements.
- SFPUC adequately maintains SFPUC infrastructure to ensure that it performs as designed over is intended life span by performing appropriate inspections or assessments in accordance with a maintenance plan.

Background of the SFPUC. RBOC. and Revenue Bonds

SFPUC is responsible for the operation, maintenance, and development of three utility enterprises: 1) Water, 2) Wastewater, and 3) Hetch Hetchy Water and Power and CleanPowerSF (Hetch Hetchy). SFPUC provides wholesale and retail drinking water to the San Francisco Bay Area, wastewater collection and treatment within San Francisco and three neighboring municipalities, and power to residential and commercial customers and municipal facilities.

The Water Enterprise operates the Hetch Hetchy Regional Water Systems, a wholesale and retail drinking water supply system that serves 2.7 million customers in four counties. The Wastewater Enterprise is responsible for the operation and maintenance of San Francisco's combined sewer system, which collects, treats, and discharges (once treated), sanitary sewage and stormwater runoff. SFPUC's combined sewer system is unique to coastal California and offers significant environmental benefits because it captures and treats both stormwater (rain runoff) and sanitary sewerage from homes and businesses. These combined flows are referred as to wastewater. The Hetch Hetchy Water and Power and CleanPowerSF Enterprise comprises three key components: (1) Hetch Hetchy Water, which operates and maintains the upcountry water and power facilities; (2) Hetch Hetchy Power, which is responsible for all power utility wholesale and retail transactions and in-City power operations; and (3) CleanPowerSF, a Community Choice Aggregation, which provides San Francisco residents and businesses with electricity supply services sourced from new and existing clean energy sources.

Keeping enterprise infrastructure in good repair requires ongoing maintenance and capital improvements, which represent much of SFPUC's ongoing expenditures. Balancing the mix of funding sources needed to pay for these improvements is a prudent way to protect both ratepayer affordability and the high credit ratings of the enterprises. SFPUC has about 2,300 employees working in seven California counties, with a combined annual operating budget of over \$1 billion. A five-member commission (Commission) governs SFPUC and provides operational oversight in areas such as rates and charges for services, contract approval, and organizational policy.

The San Francisco Charter, Section 8B.124, empowers the Commission to issue water, clean water, and power revenue bonds when authorized to do so by ordinance(s) approved the City's Board of Supervisors. Such bonds are issued to enable SFPUC to reconstruct, replace, expand, repair, or improve water facilities, clean water facilities, power facilities, or combinations of these facilities under its jurisdiction. In fiscal year 2021-2022 SFPUC has 40 outstanding revenue bond series in its three service enterprises, totaling \$7.8 billion.

Given the City's significant investment in these revenue bonds, RBOC was formed in November 2003—created pursuant to Proposition P, which was approved in November 2002—to provide oversight to ensure that proceeds from revenue bonds for capital improvements authorized by the Board of Supervisors and/or San Francisco voters after November 2002 are expended in accordance with the authorizing bond resolution and applicable law. The law that codifies Proposition P requires RBOC to report publicly to the Mayor, Commission, and Board of Supervisors on SFPUC's expenditure of revenue bond proceeds for the repair, replacement, upgrade, and expansion of the City's water collection, power generation, water distribution, and wastewater treatment facilities.

2. Selection Overview

The City shall award a Notice of Intent to Award a Contract to Proposer that meets the Minimum Qualifications of this Solicitation and whose Written Proposal, Cost Proposal, and Oral Interview combined points receives the highest-ranking score following the conclusion of the Evaluation period. (Section VI., Evaluation Criteria, outlines the evaluation process.) Responsive Proposals will be evaluated by a panel ("Evaluation Panel") consisting of one or more parties with expertise related to the services being procured through this Solicitation. The Evaluation Panel may include staff from various City departments. Proposals will be evaluated based on the criteria outlined herein. If applicable, a Contract Monitoring Division (CMD) Contract Compliance Officer will assess Proposal compliance with Local Business Enterprise (LBE) requirements and assign a rating bonus to Proposal scores. The CMD-adjusted scores (if applicable) will then be tabulated, and Proposers will be ranked starting with Proposer receiving the highest score, then continuing with Proposer receiving the second highest score, and so on.

B. Anticipated Contract Term

A contract awarded pursuant to this Solicitation is anticipated to have a term of two years. The City, at its sole, absolute discretion, shall have option(s) to extend the term for up to three additional years, for a total term of five years. The actual contract term may vary, depending upon the City's needs, and shall be at the City's sole, absolute discretion.

C. Anticipated Contract Not-to-Exceed Amount

The anticipated contract budget is between \$300,000 and \$550,000 for the Services Requested and up to \$50,000 for as-needed services, for a total not-to-exceed (NTE) contract amount of \$600,000. Therefore, **Proposals that exceed \$550,000 for Services Requested in Attachment xx will not pass Minimum Qualification xx and will not be evaluated.** This amount is based on the City's estimated spend over the advertised initial contract term. Should the City's actual spend exceed its estimated spend for the initial term, the City may, in its sole, absolute discretion, increase the contract NTE amount for the initial term. Should the City exercise its options to extend the contract beyond the initial term, the City may also elect to increase the NTE proportionally. Actual contract NTE may vary, depending on RBOC's determination of how helpful this initial infrastructure evaluation is, and shall be at the City's sole, absolute discretion.

D. Reserved. (Indefinite Quantity, As-Needed Contract)

E. Cooperative Agreement

Any other City department, board, commission, public entity or nonprofit organization made up of multiple public entities may use the results of this Solicitation to obtain some or all of the services to be provided by Proposer under the same terms and conditions of any contract awarded pursuant to this Solicitation.

F. Solicitation Schedule

The anticipated schedule for this Solicitation is set forth below. These dates are tentative and subject to change. It is Proposer's responsibility to check for any Addenda to this Solicitation or other published pertinent information.

Proposal Phase	Tentative Date
Request for Proposals Issued	TBD (Solicitation typically takes 9-12 weeks from Issuance to Intent to Award)
Contract Monitoring Division (CMD) Technical Assistance Period: Email: Melinda Kanios at Melinda.Kanios@sfgov.org Tel. (415) 274-0511	TBD
Deadline for RFP Questions via email to CentralContracts@sfgov.org	TBD
CMD Pre-Proposal Conference Strongly Recommended - Q&A limited to CMD requirements, vendor compliance, RFP process - Q&A is not for engagement Scope of Work questions (which must be emailed by Deadline for RFP Questions). Microsoft Teams meeting	TBD
Answers to RFP Questions Available at SF City Partner Portal	TBD
Deadline for Courtesy Email for Intent to Respond via email to CentralContracts@sfgov.org	TBD
Deadline for RFP Proposals	TBD
Short-Listing Notification for Oral Interviews for up to Top 3 Proposers	TBD
Oral Interviews for up to Top 3 Proposers	TBD
Notice of Intent to Award	TBD
Period for Protesting Notice of Intent to Award	Within three (3) business days of the City's issuance of a Notice of Intent to Award

G. Contract Terms and Negotiations

Successful Proposer will be required to enter into a contract substantially in the form attached hereto as Attachment 1, City's Contract Terms. If Proposer cannot accept the City's Contract Terms substantially in the form presented, Proposer shall include a revised copy of the City's Contract Terms with its Proposal, using the *Track Changes* feature in Microsoft Word. The

revised copy of the City's Contract Terms must clearly:

- 1) Mark those sections to which it objects;
- 2) Set forth Proposer's alternative terms with respect to each such section; and
- 3) Explain the basis for each proposed change.

If a satisfactory contract cannot be negotiated in a reasonable time, the City, in its sole, absolute discretion, may terminate negotiations. Upon termination of negotiations, the City may begin negotiation with Proposer that meets the Minimum Qualifications of this Solicitation and whose Written Proposal, Cost Proposal and Oral Interview combined points receives the next highest-ranking score following the Evaluation period.

II. SERVICES REQUESTED

A. Services Requested

This Solicitation is issued by the Controller's Office, which seeks qualified Proposers with recognized experience in capital projects—specifically, projects related to the water, wastewater, or power industries—to provide proposals for professional consulting services to conduct a risk assessment of SFPUC's water, wastewater, and power infrastructures funded by revenue bond proceeds to determine an appropriate methodology to select infrastructure for review, and to evaluate the infrastructure(s). The objectives and sub-objectives of this engagement are as follows.

- Does SFPUC infrastructure perform in accordance with established and applicable design, criteria, and/or legal requirements? Sub-objectives may include:
 - Are the performance criteria for the infrastructure formally documented?
 - Are the performance criteria established for the infrastructure appropriate considering the infrastructure's magnitude and complexity?
 - o What is the expected performance level of the infrastructure, how is this measured, and how should it be measured? Is the expected performance level appropriate?
 - What is the infrastructure's intended lifespan, how is this measured, and how should it be measured? Is the intended lifespan appropriate?
 - How does the performance of SFPUC's infrastructure compare to the performance of comparable infrastructure of other jurisdictions?
- Does SFPUC adequately maintain its infrastructure by inspecting or assessing it in accordance with a maintenance plan? Sub-objective may include:
 - Does SFPUC have adequate, written maintenance plans for its infrastructure? If available, is the maintenance plan appropriate and sufficient considering the infrastructure's magnitude and complexity? Does the maintenance plan comply with any applicable requirements, industry standards, or best practices?
 - Does SFPUC adequately monitor maintenance of its infrastructure? Is infrastructure maintenance performed in accordance with the plan, applicable requirements, and industry standards? Does SFPUC take the appropriate action when maintenance deficiencies are identified?

Engagement Description and Deliverables

Phase 1: Risk Assessment and Engagement Work Plan

Contractor shall conduct a full risk assessment of all infrastructure funded by public utility revenue bonds to determine an appropriate sampling methodology to select infrastructure(s) for review and to perform the evaluations, as approved by the City and RBOC. Based on the risk assessment's results, Contractor shall develop an Engagement Work Plan on its approach to

measure infrastructure performance and SFPUC maintenance compliance. Specifically, Contractor shall:

- Schedule and conduct an entrance meeting with RBOC and CSA to discuss the engagement scope.
- Obtain background documents and other relevant information from SFPUC to fully understand SFPUC's infrastructure and revenue bond programs.
- Conduct a survey and walkthrough with SFPUC staff that results in a risk assessment of SFPUC infrastructure. Contractor shall identify risk areas and criteria it will use to select infrastructure for review and share them with CSA and RBOC.
- Develop and submit to RBOC and CSA an Engagement Work Plan, including detailed methodology, which will be used to evaluate the performance of SFPUC infrastructure and maintenance compliance. Contractor shall incorporate in the Engagement Work Plan any applicable suggestions made.
- Submit to RBOC and CSA a Statement of Scope and Objectives for the engagement.
- Regularly communicate with CSA on engagement status.

Phase 1 deliverables may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Entrance conference agenda and meeting notes
- b. Information request to SFPUC
- c. Risk assessment results to determine the priority of SFPUC infrastructure projects to be evaluated.
- d. Engagement Work Plan and Project Cost Proposal
- e. Statement of Scope and Objectives
- f. Written report on engagement status, including oral presentation to CSA and RBOC

Phase 2: Infrastructure Evaluation and Results Reporting

Phase 2, Task 1: Infrastructure Evaluation

After identifying the SFPUC infrastructure projects to assess, Contractor shall evaluate a selected number of infrastructure projects based on risk assessment results to determine a) whether the projects perform in accordance with established and applicable design, criteria, and/or legal requirements, and b) whether SFPUC adequately maintains its infrastructure to ensure that it performs as designed over its intended life span by inspecting or assessing it in accordance with a maintenance plan. Contractor shall submit a detailed Engagement Work Plan to RBOC and CSA for review. Based on the procedures detailed in the Engagement Work Plan, Contractor shall gather and analyze data and information to address the agreed-upon engagement objectives. Contractor shall base this work on supporting evidence that Contractor will use to formulate findings, conclusions, and recommendations.

Task 1 deliverables may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Finalized Engagement Work Plan
- b. Outline of preliminary findings
- c. Written report summarizing Contractor's findings at the end of the evaluation, including oral presentation to City staff and RBOC.

Phase 2, Task 2: Draft Report

Based on the collected information and analyses performed, Contractor shall develop a comprehensive draft report, which will answer each engagement objective, including:

- Does SFPUC infrastructure perform in accordance with established design, criteria, guideline, plan, and/or any applicable legal requirements? Contractor shall describe the scope and methodology it used and explain in detail its approach to assessing the infrastructure's performance.
- Does SFPUC have adequate performance metrics for its infrastructure? These may include, but are not limited to, expected performance level and intended lifespan.
- Does SFPUC have and follow adequate processes to monitor infrastructure maintenance?
- Does SFPUC have and follow adequate infrastructure maintenance plans? If maintenance plans exist, are they appropriate and sufficient considering the magnitude and complexity of the infrastructure? Do the plans comply with any applicable requirements, industry standards, or best practices?

Contractor shall provide a draft report to CSA for review and approval. As part of the reporting and quality control review process, Contractor shall schedule and conduct an exit meeting with SFPUC and CSA.

Task 2 deliverables may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Draft report
- b. Exit meetings with SFPUC and RBOC to present evaluation findings.

Phase 2, Task 3: Final Report

Contractor shall provide a final report to answer the engagement's objectives, which will include all agreed-upon revisions specified by CSA or RBOC, who will issue the report. Contractor shall prepare final deliverables and supporting documents in accordance with the contract.

Contractor shall participate in a presentation of results to RBOC, if requested, and possibly one or more presentations to the Board of Supervisors or a committee thereof.

Task 4 deliverables may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Final report
- b. Final supporting documents (work papers)
- c. Presentation of findings and recommendations to City staff and/or RBOC, if requested, and possibly one or more presentations to the Board of Supervisors.

Schedule of Deliverables

Description	Deliverables include but not limited:	Target Completion Date
Phase I:		
Risk Assessment and Engagement Work Plan	 a. Entrance conference agenda and meeting notes b. Information request to SFPUC c. Risk assessment results to determine the priority of SFPUC infrastructure to review d. Engagement Work Plan e. Statement of Scope and Objectives f. Written report on engagement status, including oral presentation to CSA and RBOC 	November 2024

Description	Deliverables include but not limited:	Target Completion Date
Phase 2		
Task 1: Infrastructure Evaluation	 a. Finalized Engagement Work Plan b. Outline of preliminary findings c. Written report summarizing findings at the end of evaluation, including oral presentation to City staff and RBOC 	May 2025
Task 2: Draft Report	a. Draft report b. Exit meetings with PUC and RBOC to present evaluation results	June 2025
Task 3: Final Report	 a. Final report b. Final supporting documents (work papers) c. Presentation of findings and recommendations to City staff and/or RBOC, if requested, and possibly one or more presentations to the Board of Supervisors 	July 2025

III. EVALUATION CRITERIA

Evaluation Phase	Maximum Points
Minimum Qualifications Documentation	Pass/Fail
Written Proposal (Attachment 4)	90 Points
Cost Proposal (Attachment 5)	10 Points
Oral Interviews for up to Top 3 Proposers	50 Points
TOTAL	150 Points

If after the Evaluation Phase out of 150 Points there is a tied score for the top ranked Proposers, then there will be a Tie-Breaker Oral Interview Evaluation out of 30 Points. The highest ranked Proposer out of 180 points will determine the top scoring Proposer. The City shall issue a Notice of Intent to Award a Contract to Proposer that meets Minimum Qualifications of this Solicitation and whose combined points out of 180 receive the highest-ranking score.

Evaluation Phase	Maximum Points		
Minimum Qualifications Documentation	Pass/Fail		
Written Proposal (Attachment 4)	90 Points		
Cost Proposal (Attachment 5)	10 Points		
Oral Interviews for up to Top 3 Proposers	50 Points		
Tie-Breaker Oral Interview Evaluation (if needed)	30 Points		
TOTAL	180 Points		

IV. MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED WITH PROPOSAL (PASS/FAIL)

By the Deadline for RFP Proposals, Proposers must provide documentation that clearly demonstrates each Minimum Qualification (MQ) listed below has been met. Minimum Qualification documentation should be clearly marked as "MQ1," "MQ2," etc. to indicate which MQ it supports. Each Proposal will be reviewed for initial determination on whether Proposer meets the MQs referenced in this section. This screening is a pass or fail determination and a Proposal that fails to meet the Minimum

Qualifications will not be eligible for further consideration in the evaluation process. The City reserves the right to request clarifications from Proposers before rejecting a Proposal for failure to meet the Minimum Qualifications.

MQ#	Description
MQ xx	In Attachment xx, Proposer has provided three professional references.
MQ xx	In Attachment xx, Proposer has certified that firm has three years of experience in capital projects, specifically water, wastewater, and power.
MQ xx	In Attachment xx, Proposer has submitted two Prior Project Descriptions (that Proposer has been engaged in or completed) for professional consulting services for capital projects in a public sector setting similar in size and complexity to the City.
MQ xx	In Attachment xx, Proposer's Total Not-To-Exceed Budget for Services Requested must not exceed \$550,000.

V. WRITTEN PROPOSAL (90 POINTS)

In addition to submitting documents supporting each Minimum Qualification as required by this Solicitation, Proposers shall also submit a complete Proposal consisting of each item set forth **in Attachment 4, Written Proposal Template**. The content of all Proposals must consist of the information specified below, in the order outlined below, to be deemed responsive.

A. Proposer Firm Qualifications (25 points)

- a. Appropriateness of Proposer's firm history and structure, number of years in business, including total staff size and composition, organizational structure, ownership structure, and commitment to diversity and inclusion practices to services under this RFP. (5 Points)
- b. Proposer's firm experience providing services (professional consulting services on capital projects, specifically water, wastewater, and power) comparable to those requested to large, complex, public-sector clients. (5 Points)
- c. Relevance of Proposer's two Prior Project Descriptions to services under this RFP. (10 Points: 5 Points/Project)
 - 1. <u>Prior Projects</u>: Proposer must describe two prior projects managed by Proposer or, if applicable, JV Partners within the last ten years.
 - 2. <u>Similar Size and Scope</u>: Each prior project described must be of the type and have a scope of services similar to those specified in this Solicitation.
 - 3. Project Details: Each Prior Project Description shall include:
 - a) Project name;
 - b) Project start and end dates;
 - c) Project costs;
 - d) Client name, client contact name and title, and client contact information;
 - e) Project scope summary:
 - f) Proposer's role and responsibilities in project;
 - g) Proposer's performance on delivering project on schedule and on budget, outcomes; and
 - h) Names and roles of staff who worked on project.
- d. Proposer's general capacity and local resources to provide the services under this RFP. Please provide what you consider to be your firm's specialties, strengths, and limitations. (3 Points)
- e. Proposer's commitment to diversity and inclusion practices. (2 points)

B. Engagement Approach (55 Points)

- a. Work plan/approach demonstrates understanding of the engagement and the tasks to be performed. (40 Points)
- b. Demonstrates ability to complete the engagement in a timely manner. (5 Points)
- c. Has appropriate expectations and/or assumptions of client involvement or level of effort, including review, approval, and other communication protocols necessary to successfully complete the services; has knowledgeable questions and data or other City resource requests to successfully complete the services. (5 Points)
- d. Has developed sufficient expertise or methodology to create competitive differences that will be beneficial to the City. (5 Points)

C. Engagement Team (10 Points)

- a. Key/Lead Team Members: Provide the role, responsibilities, qualifications, and company affiliation of Key/Lead Team Members who will perform the services outlined in this Solicitation. Discuss each team member's background and experience to demonstrate a strong ability to successfully perform the work. (5 Points)
- b. Other Team Members: Provide the role, responsibilities, qualifications, and company affiliation of Other Team Members who will perform the services outlined in this Solicitation. Discuss each team member's background and experience to demonstrate a strong ability to successfully perform the work. (5 Points)

VI. COST PROPOSAL (10 Points)

A. Cost Proposal Format and Allocation of Points

In addition to submitting documents supporting each Minimum Qualification as required by this Solicitation, Proposers shall also submit a complete Cost Proposal consisting of each item set forth **in Attachment xx, Cost Proposal Template**.

Include a completed Cost Proposal with your Proposal, following all instructions set forth therein. The total points allocated to the Lowest Proposed Cost shall be determined by the following points calculation:

(Lowest Total Proposed Cost / Proposer's Total Proposed Cost) x (10 Points Maximum Possible). For example:

Proposal 1 is \$300,000

Proposal 2 is \$425,000

Proposal 3 is \$550,000

Proposal 1 is scored 10.0 points. \$300,000 divided by \$300,000 = 1 multiplied by 10 points=10.0 points Proposal 2 is scored 7.1 points. \$300,000 divided by \$425,000 = 0.71 multiplied by 10 points=7.1 points Proposal 3 is scored 5.5 points. \$300,000 divided by \$550,000 = 0.55 multiplied by 10 points=5.5 points

- 1. Any Proposer that does not completely fill out the Cost Proposal Template provided in this Solicitation may not receive any points for the Cost Proposal portion of the Proposal evaluation. It is within the City's sole, absolute discretion to reject any Proposal that does not comply with the Cost Proposal Template requirements. Additionally, the data provided in the Cost Proposal Template may be rejected and excluded from the score tabulation if it is found to be inconsistent with any of the information provided in the submitted Proposal.
- 2. In Attachment 5, Proposer's Not-To-Exceed Budget for Services Requested must not exceed \$550,000. If Proposer's Not-To-Exceed Budget for Services Requested

exceeds \$550,000, then Proposal will not pass Minimum Qualification #9 and will not be evaluated.

- 3. The City seeks proposals demonstrating an efficient, effective approach with measurable deliverables and outcomes. The City intends to award a contract to Proposer that will provide the best overall proposal to the City inclusive of qualifications and cost considerations. The City reserves the right to accept a proposal that includes other than the lowest cost and to reject all proposals that are not responsive to this RFP.
- 4. The City will negotiate costs and work effort with the selected Proposer to develop a firm fixed price for the contract utilizing a blended hourly rate to compensate Proposer for all services, travel, lodging, meals, miscellaneous and any other expenses related to the completion of services. The City will not provide additional and separate cost reimbursement.
- 5. Note that standard hourly billing rates provided shall apply to any as-needed services the City may request.

B. Cost Proposal Evaluation Period

The City will attempt to evaluate Cost Proposals within 60 days after receipt of Proposals. If the City requires additional evaluation time, all Proposers will be notified in writing of the new expected award date.

C. Cost Discrepancies

Where applicable, if there is a discrepancy between the Cost Proposal and cost entered by Proposer into the Supplier Portal, the Cost Proposal pricing will prevail. In the event of a discrepancy between the unit price and the extended price, the unit price will prevail.

VII. ORAL INTERVIEWS (50 POINTS)

The Evaluation Panel will hold oral interviews with up to the top three highest ranked Proposers that have met the Minimum Qualifications and whose Written Proposal and Cost Proposal combined points received a score of at least **70 Points.** Prior to Oral interviews, the City will send an email to each invited Proposer regarding the format and general rules of the interview. The City reserves the right to limit participation in the panel interviews to Proposers' key/lead team members and to exclude, for example, sub-consultants on multiple teams. The interview evaluation process may include (and be scored based on) a presentation by the Proposer and/or interview questions from the Evaluation Panel. Those questions may include and be related to Proposers' key/lead team members' qualifications, their work approach, engagement task descriptions, team organization, and any questions which seek to clarify Proposal components. Proposers may also be scored on follow-up questions if clarification of Proposer's responses is necessary. The same set of interview questions will be used for all Proposers and shall be presented to Proposers at least three business days before the date of interview to allow Proposers sufficient time to prepare their responses. The Evaluation Panel may ask follow-up questions if clarification of Proposer's responses is necessary. The Evaluation Panel will proceed to evaluate each Proposer based on each Proposer's presentation and responses.

The 50 points possible awarded for interviews will be separate from the 100 points awarded during the Written Proposal and Cost Proposal (Attachment 4 and 5). The 50 points possible awarded for

Interviews will be added to the 100 possible points awarded during the Written Proposal and Cost Proposal for a total of 150 points. The City shall issue a Notice of Intent to Award a Contract to Proposer that meets the Minimum Qualifications of this Solicitation and whose combined points out of 150 receive the highest-ranking score.

Evaluation Phase	Maximum Points		
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TOTAL	180 Points		

Office of the Controller

City Services Auditor



Ben Rosenfield, Controller Todd Rydstrom, Deputy Controller

City Services Auditor FY 2022-23 Bill

Department: PUC - Public Utilities Commission (RBOC)

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Summary					
CON Account Code: 486740		Budget	Year to Date Charges	Q1-Q4	Balance
FY	23 TBD	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	\$337,487	-\$337,487
Total		\$0	\$0	\$337,487	-\$337,487
Details					
Audit/Project		<u>Hours</u>		Rate of \$180.50/HR	
Qtr 1 Actual	PUC RBOC Audit Contract Oversight 2 of 3	61.00		\$11,011	
Qtr 2 Actual	PUC RBOC Audit Contract Oversight 2 of 3	35.75		\$6,453	
Qtr 3 Actual	PUC RBOC Audit Contract Oversight 2 of 3	98.00		\$17,689	
Qtr 4 Actual	PUC RBOC Audit Contract Oversight 2 of 3	81.50		\$14,711	
Audit/Project Total		276.25		\$49,863	
Contracts					
Qtr 1 Actual	None			\$0	
Qtr 2 Actual	None			\$0	
Qtr 3 Actual	HKA Global, Inc. Contracts PUC RBOC Audit Contract Oversight 2 of 3, Total Billed \$284,200			\$284,200	
Qtr 4 Actual	None			\$0	
Contracts Tota				\$284,200	
<u>Others</u>					
FY22 Year End Adjustment				\$3,424	
Others Total				\$3,424	
Total				\$337,487	
IOlai				Ψ551,461	



PUBLIC UTILITIES REVENUE BOND OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

DRAFT MINUTES

REMOTE MEETING

August 1, 2023 - 9:00 AM

Regular Meeting

Mission: The Revenue Bond Oversight Committee (RBOC) monitors the expenditure of revenue bond proceeds related to the repair, replacement, upgrade and expansion of the SFPUC's water, power and sewer infrastructure. The RBOC provides independent oversight to ensure transparency and accountability. The RBOC's goal is to ensure that SFPUC revenue bond proceeds are spent for their intended purposes in accordance with legislative authorization and other applicable laws.

1. Call to Order, Roll Call, and Agenda Changes

Seat 1	Ettore Leale, Chair
Seat 2	Lars Kamp, Vice Chair

Seat 3 Vacant

Seat 4 Claire Veuthey

Seat 5 Vacant

Seat 6 Christina Tang
Seat 7 Reuben Holober

Chair Leale called the meeting to order at 9:16 a.m. On the call of the roll, Chair Leale and Members Veuthey, Tang, and Holober were noted present. Vice Chair Kamp was noted not present. A quorum was present.

There were no agenda changes.

2. Public Comment

Speakers: None.

3. RBOC: Audits Update

Hunter Wang (City Services Auditor, Office of the Controller); Eugene Yano (Yano Accountancy Corporation); shared updates on the second round of responses from the SFPUC on the ongoing Series II audit, and shared that the Series III audit will be on hold until there is more progress on Series II. The Series II audit has encountered delays resulting from a change in the field of bidding auditors. The City Services Auditor is targeting a report release date in time for the September RBOC meeting, but may have to delay until October. Member Tang shared updates on the preparation for future audits and the preparation of a new Request for Proposals through the office of the City Services Auditor.

Hunter Wang (City Services Auditor, Office of the Controller); further shared that the Fiscal Year 2022-2023 invoice for City Services Auditor services is ready for approval by RBOC, and requested that the invoice be considered at the next RBOC meeting.

Public Comment: None.

Member Veuthey, seconded by Member Tang, moved to continue the agenda matter to the next RBOC meeting. The motion PASSED by the following vote:

Ayes: 4 - Leale, Veuthey, Tang, Holober Absent: 1 - Kamp

Action: CONTINUED to September 5, 2023

4. RBOC: RBOC Sunset Date - January 1, 2025

Members of RBOC discussed the ongoing audit work and projections for receipt of future audit reports, anticipating results of ongoing RBOC work to exceed the current January 1, 2025 sunset date. Mark Blake (Office of the City Attorney); shared a suggestion that the SFPUC provide a presentation to RBOC on the capital planning and bonding activities for the next 10 years. Eric Kwak and Edward Kwong (SFPUC); answered questions raised throughout the discussion related to future and ongoing audit work.

Public Comment: David Pilpel shared concerns related to the RBOC sunset date; suggested that the funding rate set-aside be re-examined to better coordinate with RBOC activities; suggested that RBOC examine the oversight activities of other bodies such as the SFMTA Bond Oversight Committee, the Citizen's General Bond Oversight Committee, the SFUSD Bond Oversight Committee, and the Community College District Bond Oversight Committee; and suggested that RBOC consider meeting less frequently.

There was no action taken.

4. Minutes Approval - June 6, 2023, Regular Meeting

John Carroll, Clerk, offered that he would make clerical corrections to the meeting minutes.

Public Comment: David Pilpel shared suggestions regarding the form of the meeting minutes.

Member Veuthey, seconded by Member Tang, moved to approve the June 6, 2023, meeting minutes with clerical changes. The motion PASSED by the following vote:

Ayes: 4 - Leale, Veuthey, Tang, Holober

Absent: 1 - Kamp

Action: Minutes APPROVED

5. Announcements, Comments, Questions, and Future Agenda Items

Member Tang shared a desire to agendize a discussion item related to the Sewer System Improvement Program.

Public Comment: David Pilpel shared comments regarding formatting for the future agenda items tracker on the agenda.

RBOC may meet on the following dates:

- September 5, 2023;
- October 10, 2023;
- November 14, 2023; and
- December 12, 2023.

RBOC is tracking the following topics and issues as potential Future Agenda Items:

- A. A Request that Sewer System Improvement Program (SSIP) Quarterly reports include information on the Stormwater Management System, and details on the bidding climate and possible cost increases;
- B. SFPUC: Water System Improvement Program Update;
- C. SFPUC: Power Enterprise and Clean Power SF Update;
- D. SFPUC: State Federal Loan Updates;
- E. SFPUC: Staff Report: Environmental Justice;
- F. RBOC: Acquiring consultant to examine expected performance of complete projects;

Continues on next page.

- G. RBOC: Discussion of the 2015 report, entitled "Evaluation of Lessons Learned from the WSIP Program," to identify procedures and reporting processes from the Water System Improvement Program which may be applied to SSIP
- H. SFPUC: Discussion of Finding 2 of the <u>SFPUC Performance Audit of Select Revenue Bond Expenditures dated December 23, 2021</u>
 Finding 2: "The Quality Assurance Audit Function Was Not Operational From June 2017 Through November 2020"
 (May be scheduled as a follow-up to the May 9, 2023 meeting in Spring 2024)

6. Adjournment

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 10:03 a.m.

N.B. The Minutes of this meeting set forth all actions taken by the Revenue Bond Oversight Committee on the matters stated but not necessarily in the chronological sequence in which the matters were taken up.

Approved: Draft Public Utilities Revenue Bond Oversight Committee