[Intent to Expand Local Rent Control Protections]

Resolution declaring the Board of Supervisors intent to expand local rent control protections to go into effect if the Costa-Hawkins Act is repealed via ballot measure on November 5, 2024.

WHEREAS, State preemption occurs when a state legislature restricts or withdraws the authority of local government to act on a particular issue of local concern; and

WHEREAS, State preemption has been used by corporate lobbyists as a strategy to stifle local governments' ability to engage in innovative progressive policymaking; and

WHEREAS, In the last decade, state preemption has increased, especially in Republican-controlled state legislatures, primarily orchestrated by the American Legislative Exchange Council (ALEC), an industry-funded trade organization, which has in many states, restricted local government's ability to regulate the minimum wage, paid sick days, Transportation Network Companies (TNC's), municipal broadband, sanctuary city policies, fair scheduling, short-term rentals, inclusionary zoning, and rent regulation; and

WHEREAS, Coalitions of stakeholders, advocates and local governments across the nation have pushed back on harmful state preemption, and sought to return the right of local governments to innovate in areas of policy to protect workers, consumers, tenants and the environment; and

WHEREAS, California, along with 30 other states, preempts and limits local governments' ability to enact rent control or add vacancy decontrol through the Costa-Hawkins Act, a state law which exempts rent control on buildings built after 1995 or backdated to the date of the enactment of a local rent control ordinance, which is after June 1979 in San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, 35% of renter households overall are rent burdened in San Francisco according to California Housing Partnership data, and for very low-income renter households that figure jumps to 61%, as defined by those paying 30% or more of their income on rent, and median rents have risen in San Francisco to \$2,950 for one-bedroom units, and \$3,950 for two-bedroom units, according to May 2024 data from a national report on rental trends in major cities; and

WHEREAS, The real estate industry has claimed that rent control has a chilling effect on new construction, yet this does not match up with the data, based on a recent Haas Institute Report that showed the six cities with rent control in the SF Bay Area in fact had produced more housing units per capita than cities without rent control; and

WHEREAS, The repeal of Costa Hawkins will allow, but not require, local jurisdictions like San Francisco to address the gaps in administering rent control, with options to broaden rent stabilization and protections for housing that do not currently fall under this regime, including: units built after 1979, housing stock not currently subject to rent control, and rent-controlled units where landlords can reset rents to market rate via vacancy decontrol, thus weakening the impact of rent control laws over time; and

WHEREAS, The Courts already limit rent control laws to ensure that landlords get a fair return on their investments and there is no need for state intervention to further limit local rent control laws, the scope of which should be decided not by the state legislature but by local voters and local legislative bodies; and

WHEREAS, On July 9, 2024, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors adopted Board File No. 240684 [Supporting the Justice for Renters Act - California State Proposition - November 5, 2024 Ballot] by a supermajority vote of 8-2, adopting an official city policy position in support of a statewide proposition to repeal the Costa-Hawkins Act for the November 5, 2024 election; and

WHEREAS, The City of San Francisco may enact laws which go into effect upon the removal of state preemption; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco affirms its support for strong rent control to protect tenants and respond to tenants' needs for affordable, stable, and secure housing; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the City and County of San Francisco objects to state interference driven by corporate interests, and specifically state preemption of local rent control laws; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors intends to enact a local law to expand local rent control protections that will go into effect if the Costa-Hawkins Act is repealed via ballot measure on November 5, 2024.



City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Resolution

File Number: 240818 Date Passed: September 03, 2024

Resolution declaring the Board of Supervisors intent to expand local rent control protections to go into effect if the Costa-Hawkins Act is repealed via ballot measure on November 5, 2024.

September 03, 2024 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED

Ayes: 11 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai. Stefani and Walton

File No. 240818

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED on 9/3/2024 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Unsigned 09-13-2024

London N. Breed Date Approved Mayor

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution, not being signed by the Mayor within the time limit as set forth in Section 3.103 of the Charter, or time waived pursuant to Board Rule 2.14.2, became effective without her approval in accordance with the provision of said Section 3.103 of the Charter or Board Rule 2.14.2.

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board 09-13-2024

Date