[Urging to Resolve a San Francisco Public Utilities Commission Lawsuit with the United States Environmental Protection Agency]

Resolution urging the City Attorney and the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission to immediately resolve its lawsuit regarding the Clean Water Act with the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

WHEREAS, The Clean Water Act exists to "restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation's waters;" and

WHEREAS, The Clean Water Act prohibits the "discharge of any pollutant by any person;" and

WHEREAS, This prohibition does not apply if a permit issued under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System program authorizes the discharge; and

WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco challenged the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) authority under the Clean Water Act in the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals in connection with certain wastewater facilities; and

WHEREAS, The challenge focused on the inclusion of general narrative prohibitions in the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, which governs San Francisco's combined sewer system and wastewater treatment facility; and

WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco argued that the EPA's permit conditions were overly broad, particularly as they imposed general prohibitions without establishing specific numeric limits for discharges; and

WHEREAS, The Ninth Circuit ruled against San Francisco, determining that the EPA acted within its legal authority by enforcing general prohibitions in the permit to ensure compliance with water quality standards; and

WHEREAS, The court held that such prohibitions are permissible even in the absence of specific numeric limits, as they are necessary to protect water quality; and

WHEREAS, Narrative permits such as those at issue in the litigation are extremely common across the country, such that a ruling that invalidates or undermines them could greatly harm water quality nationwide - and provide new grounds for polluters to challenge water quality standards; and

WHEREAS, Particularly since the advent of a 6-3 conservative Supermajority on the Supreme Court, the Court has reduced the regulatory and enforcement powers of the EPA, include decisions blocking critically important climate protections; overturning longstanding precedents supporting environmental regulatory authority, and overturned fundamental Clean Water Act protections that have been in place for decades, thereby potentially stripping over half of the wetlands in the entire country without federal protection; and

WHEREAS, These actions have already gravely harmed the EPA's ability to enforce environmental laws and protect public health; and

WHEREAS, The lawsuit has the potential to seriously destabilize Clean Water Act protections at a time when environmental protections are already under serious threat; and

WHEREAS, The litigation has placed San Francisco in the position of championing the views and interests of the National Mining Association, American Gas Association, American Petroleum Institute, American Chemistry Council (all of whom have filed briefs supporting the City) and other representatives of the nation's biggest polluters; and

WHEREAS, The City and County of San Francisco is being represented in the Supreme Court by private counsel from a corporate law firm that regularly represents companies that seek less stringent regulation of their discharges into waters of the United States, and that is currently urging the Court to block EPA regulations limiting emissions and mercury and other toxic air pollutants emitted by coal-burning power plants; and

WHEREAS, The State of California, the State of Washington, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, along with the states of Connecticut, Illinois, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, New Jersey, Oregon, Wisconsin, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the District of Columbia have filed amicus curiae briefs on behalf of the Environmental Protection Agency; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco urges the General Manager of the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission, the Commission of the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission, and the City Attorney's Office of the City and County of San Francisco to resolve the litigation promptly without provoking a decision from the Supreme Court; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors urges the Environmental Protection Agency and the San Francisco City Attorney to immediately schedule and participate in a mediation in an effort to promptly resolve this litigation through a settlement that would make a Supreme Court decision moot.



City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place
San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Resolution

File Number: 240940 Date Passed: October 08, 2024

Resolution urging the City Attorney and the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission to immediately resolve its lawsuit regarding the Clean Water Act with the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

October 07, 2024 Land Use and Transportation Committee - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

October 07, 2024 Land Use and Transportation Committee - RECOMMENDED AS AMENDED AS A COMMITTEE REPORT

October 08, 2024 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

Ayes: 10 - Chan, Dorsey, Engardio, Mandelman, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai and Walton Absent: 1 - Stefani

October 08, 2024 Board of Supervisors - ADOPTED AS AMENDED

Ayes: 8 - Chan, Engardio, Melgar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Stefani and Walton

Noes: 2 - Dorsey and Mandelman

Absent: 1 - Safai

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED AS AMENDED on 10/8/2024 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Unsigned

London N. Breed Mayor

10/18/2024

Date Approved

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution, not being signed by the Mayor within the time limit as set forth in Section 3.103 of the Charter, or time waived pursuant to Board Rule 2.14.2, became effective without her approval in accordance with the provision of said Section 3.103 of the Charter or Board Rule 2.14.2.

Angela Calvillo

Clerk of the Board